

TERMINATIONES

ET

EXEMPLA

Declinationum & Conjugationum

In usum

GRAMMATICASTRORUM.

Opera & Studio CAROLI HOOLE,
M. A. & Col. L. Oxon. Scholarchæ olim Ro-
therhamiensis in agro Ebor. jam verò privatae
Scholæ Grammaticæ Institutoris, prope ædes
haud ita procul à Byrsa Regali apud Londi-
nates.

M. Fab. Quint. Instit. Orat. l. i. c. 4.
*Nomina declinare & verba, imprimis pueri sci-
ant; neque enim aliter pervenire ad intelle-
ctum sequentium possunt: quod etiam monere
supervacuum fuerat nisi ambitiosa festinati-
one plerique à posterioribus inciperent & dum
ostentare discipulos circa speciosa malunt com-
pendio morarentur.*

L O N D I N I.

Typis M. C. pro. J.^o Clark, apud quem
væneunt ad Mercerorum Capellam, in
vico vulg. voc. Cheapside. MDCXC.

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ARTICULI.

Articuli, sive notæ Generum.

Singulariter		Masc.	Fœm.	Neut.
	Nom.	<i>Hic.</i>	<i>Hæc.</i>	<i>Hoc.</i>
	Gen.	<i>Hujus.</i>	<i>Hujus.</i>	<i>Hujus.</i>
	Dat.	<i>Huius.</i>	<i>Huius.</i>	<i>Huius.</i>
	Acc.	<i>Hunc.</i>	<i>Hanc.</i>	<i>Hoc.</i>
	Voc.	ô	ô	ô
	Abl.	<i>Hoc.</i>	<i>Hæc.</i>	<i>Hoc.</i>

Pluraliter		Hi.	Hæ.	Hæc.
	Nom.	<i>Hi.</i>	<i>Hæ.</i>	<i>Hæc.</i>
	Gen.	<i>Horum.</i>	<i>Horum.</i>	<i>Horum.</i>
	Dat.	<i>His.</i>	<i>His.</i>	<i>His.</i>
	Acc.	<i>Hos.</i>	<i>Hos.</i>	<i>Hæc.</i>
	Voc.	ô	ô	ô
	Abl.	<i>His.</i>	<i>His.</i>	<i>His.</i>

Terminationes &

Terminationes quinque Declinationum.

Singulariter		1	2	3	4	5
	Nom.	a	r, us, um	a, c, e, i, l, n, o, r, s, t, x.	us	es
	Gen.	e	i	is	us	i
	Dat.	e	o	i	ui	ei
	Acc.	am	um	em	um	em
	Voc.	a	r, e, um	a, c, e, i, l, n, o, r, s, t, x.	us	es
	Abl.	a	o	e	u	e

Pluraliter	Nom.	e	i	es	us	es
	Gen.	arum	orum	um	uum	erum
	Dat.	is	is	ibus	bus	ebus
	Acc.	as	os	es	us	es
	Voc.	e	i	es	us	es
	Abl.	is	is	ibus	bns	ebus

Exempla

Exempla Declinationum.
Exempla primæ Declinationis.

3

1. Masculina.

Poeta, <i>a Poet.</i>	Athleta, <i>a Wrestler.</i>
Lixa, <i>a Scullion.</i>	Bibliopola, <i>a Bookseller.</i>
Scriba, <i>a Scribe.</i>	Cometa, <i>a Blazing-Star.</i>
Scurra, <i>a Scoffer.</i>	Oenopola, <i>a Vintner.</i>
Rabula, <i>a Brawler.</i>	Propheta, <i>a Prophet.</i>

2. Fœminina.

Fibula, <i>a Button.</i>	Tinca, <i>a Tench.</i>
Acicula, <i>a Pin.</i>	Perca, <i>a Perch.</i>
Ligula, <i>a Point.</i>	Saga, <i>a Witch.</i>
Rubecula, <i>a Robin-red-breast.</i>	Plaga, <i>a Stroke.</i>
Merula, <i>a Black-Bird.</i>	Virga, <i>a Rod.</i>
	Cavea, <i>a Cage.</i>

3. Communia duorum.

Verna, <i>a Slave.</i>	Transfuga, <i>a Run-away.</i>
Agricola, <i>an Husbandman.</i>	Incola, <i>an Inhabitant.</i>
Advena, <i>a Stranger.</i>	Conviva, <i>a Guest.</i>
Auriga, <i>a Waggoner.</i>	Homicida, <i>a Man-slayer.</i>
Indigena, <i>a Homeling.</i>	

4. Dubia.

Talpa, <i>a Mole.</i>	Dama, <i>a Deer.</i>
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5. Adjectiva & Substantiva.

Bona Musa, <i>a good Muse.</i>
Garrula Pica, <i>a chattering Pye.</i>
Furca ferrea, <i>an Iron Fork.</i>
Lubrica anguilla, <i>a slippery Eel.</i>
Longa halia, <i>a long Pike.</i>
Nova virga, <i>a new Rod.</i>

Exempla secundæ Declinationis.

1. Masculina.

Puer, eri, <i>a Boy.</i>	Pileus, <i>a Cap.</i>
Culter, tri, <i>a Knife.</i>	Procus, <i>a Woer.</i>
Aper, pri, <i>a Boar.</i>	Sponsus, <i>a Bridegroom.</i>
Ager, agri, <i>a Field.</i>	Digitus, <i>a Finger.</i>
Armiger, eri, <i>an Esquire.</i>	Fungus, <i>a Muskvroom.</i>

2. Fœminina.

Cerasus, <i>a Cherry-tree.</i>	Papyrus, <i>Paper.</i>
Malus, <i>an Apple-tree.</i>	Crytallus, <i>Crystal.</i>
Pyrus, <i>a Pear-tree.</i>	Synodus, <i>an Assembly.</i>
Volemius, <i>a Warden-tree.</i>	Byssus, <i>fine Flax.</i>
Sorbus, <i>a Service-tree.</i>	Arctus, <i>Charles-wain.</i>

3. Neutra.

Pomum, <i>an Apple.</i>	Ovum, <i>an Egg.</i>
Cerasum, <i>a Cherry.</i>	Brachium, <i>an Arm.</i>
Pyrum, <i>a Pear.</i>	Mentum, <i>a Chin.</i>
Prunum, <i>a Plum.</i>	Carpentum, <i>a Coach.</i>
Mespilum, <i>a Medlar.</i>	Scannum, <i>a Bench.</i>

4. Dubia.

Pampinus, <i>a Vine-leaf.</i>	Grossus, <i>a green Fig.</i>
Paradisus, <i>a Paradise.</i>	Lecythus, <i>an Oyl-glass.</i>
Atomus, <i>a Mote in the Sun.</i>	Phaselus, <i>a Barge.</i>

5. Adjectiva & Substantiva.

Bonus Magister, <i>a good Master.</i>
Magnus Liber, <i>a great Book.</i>
Longus Gladius, <i>a long Sword.</i>
Honestus Vir, <i>an Honest Man.</i>
Stultum ingenium, <i>a Foolish Wit.</i>
Profundum Pelagus, <i>the deep Sea.</i>

Exempla tertiæ Declinationis:

1. Masculina.

Sal, salis, <i>Salt.</i>	Pes, pedis, <i>a Foot.</i>
Mugil, Mugilis, <i>a Mullet.</i>	Crinis, is, <i>a Hair.</i>
Pecten, Pectinis, <i>a Comb.</i>	Glis, gliris, <i>a Dormouse.</i>
Delphin, inis, <i>a Dolphin.</i>	Lapis, idis, <i>a Stone.</i>
Dæmon, onis, <i>a Devil.</i>	Flos, floris, <i>a Flower.</i>
Leo, onis, <i>a Lyon.</i>	Nepos, otis, <i>a Nephew.</i>
Sermo, onis, <i>a Speech.</i>	Heros, ois, <i>a Nobleman.</i>
Brito, onis, <i>a Britain.</i>	Mus, muris, <i>a Mouse.</i>
Nar, naris, <i>a Nostril.</i>	Lepus, oris, <i>a Hare.</i>
Crater, teris, <i>a Goblet.</i>	Arabs, abis, <i>an Arabian.</i>
Carcer, eris, <i>a Prison.</i>	Æthiops, opis, <i>a Blackmore.</i>
Dolor, oris, <i>Grief.</i>	Mons, tis, <i>a Hill.</i>
Turtur, uris, <i>a Turtle.</i>	Dens, tis, <i>a Tooth.</i>
Mars, maris, <i>a Male.</i>	Thorax, acis, <i>the Bulk of</i>
Gigas, antis, <i>a Gyant.</i>	<i>ones Body.</i>
Magnes, etis, <i>a Load-stone.</i>	Vervex, ecis, <i>a Weather.</i>
Limes, itis, <i>a Bound.</i>	Calix, icis, <i>a Cup.</i>

2. Fœminina.

Syndon, onis, <i>fine Linnen.</i>	Laus, dis, <i>Praise.</i>
Hirundo, inis, <i>a Swallow.</i>	Trabs, bis, <i>a Beam.</i>
Imago, inis, <i>an Image.</i>	Hyems, emis, <i>Winter.</i>
Lectio, onis, <i>a Lesson.</i>	Mens, tis, <i>a Mind.</i>
Carno, carnis, <i>Flesh.</i>	Daps, dapis, <i>dainty Meat.</i>
Mater, matris, <i>a Mother.</i>	Pus, ris, <i>Snivel.</i>
Arbor, oris, <i>a Tree.</i>	Frons, dis, <i>the leaf of a Tree.</i>
Civitas, atis, <i>a City.</i>	Ars, tis, <i>a Trade.</i>
Sedes, is, <i>a Seat.</i>	Fax, facis, <i>a Torch.</i>
Abies, ietis, <i>a Fir-tree.</i>	Lex, legis, <i>a Law.</i>
Pellis, is, <i>a Skin.</i>	Radix, icis, <i>a Root.</i>
Cassis, idis, <i>an Head-piece.</i>	Vuox, vocis, <i>a Voice.</i>
Cos, cotis, <i>a Whet-stone.</i>	Nux, nucis, <i>a Nut.</i>
Virtus, virtutis, <i>Vertue.</i>	

3. Neut-

3. Nentra.

Ænigma, atis, <i>a Riddle.</i>	Cor, cordis, <i>an Heart.</i>
Lac, ctis, <i>Milk.</i>	Robur, oris, <i>an Oak.</i>
Cubile, is, <i>a Bed.</i>	Vas, valis, <i>a Vessel.</i>
Sinapi, invar. <i>Mustard.</i>	Æs, æris, <i>Brass.</i>
Animal, is, <i>a living Creature.</i>	Os, oris, <i>a Mouth.</i>
Mel, lis, <i>Honey.</i>	Os, offis, <i>a Bone.</i>
Nomen, inis, <i>a Name.</i>	Crus, cruris, <i>a Leg.</i>
Calcar, aris, <i>a Spur.</i>	Onus, eris, <i>a Burthen.</i>
Cadaver, eris, <i>a Carcass.</i>	Corpus, oris, <i>a Body.</i>
Hir, inv. <i>hollow of the hand.</i>	Caput, itis, <i>an head.</i>

4. Dubia.

Anas, atis, <i>a Duck.</i>	Bubo, onis, <i>an Owl.</i>
Amnis, nis, <i>a River.</i>	Scrobs, bis, <i>a Ditch.</i>
Grus, gruis, <i>a Crane.</i>	Limax, cis, <i>a Snail.</i>
Linter, tris, <i>a Boat.</i>	Culex, cis, <i>a Gnat.</i>

5. Communia duorum.

Homo, inis, <i>a Man.</i>	Judex, icis, <i>a Judge.</i>
Hæres, edis, <i>an Heir.</i>	Vigil, ilis, <i>a Watchman.</i>
Testis, is, <i>a Witness.</i>	Eques, itis, <i>a Knight.</i>
Custos, odis, <i>a Keeper.</i>	Dux, ducis, <i>a Captain.</i>
Princeps, ipis, <i>a Prince.</i>	Opifex, icis, <i>a Workman.</i>

6. Communia trium.

Mitis, e, <i>mild.</i>	Simplex, icis, <i>simple.</i>
Amans, tis, <i>loving.</i>	Pernix, icis, <i>swift.</i>
Docens, tis, <i>teaching.</i>	Atrox, ocis, <i>cruel.</i>
Legens, tis, <i>reading.</i>	Trux, trucis, <i>fierce.</i>
Audiens, tis, <i>bearing.</i>	Doctior, ris, <i>more learned.</i>
Audax, acis, <i>bold.</i>	Dulcior, ris, <i>sweeter.</i>

Adjectiva

Adjectiva & Substantiva.

Humilis Arbor, a low Tree.
 Vitis lacrymans, a Bleeding Vine.
 Caro iners, unsavory Flesh.
 Facinus nobile, a gallant Exploit.
 Lex prohibens, a Law forbidding.
 Anceps securis, a two-edged Hatchet.
 Socors Miles, a heartless Souldier.
 Cicur Sus, a tame Swine.
 Inops Multitudo, the poor Commons.
 Animal bipes, a two-footed living Creature.
 Deses Senex, an old Man sitting still.
 Grave onus, an heavy Burthen.
 Humilius Genus, a baser Stock.

Exempla quartæ Declinationis.

1. Masculina.

Gradus, a Step.	Flatus, a Blast.
Arcus, a Bow.	Strepitus, a Noise.
Versus, a Verse.	Aspectus, a Look.

Anus, an old Woman.	Acus, a Needle.
Porticus, a Porch.	Nurus, a Sons Wife.
Tribus, Kindred.	Socrus, a Wives Mother.

3. Neutra.

Genu, a Knee.	Veru, a Spit.
Tonitru, Thunder.	

Exempla quintæ Declinationis.

Fœminina.

Acies, an edge.	Fides, Faith.
Res, a Thing.	Glacies, Ice.
Species, a Shape.	Macies, Leanness.

Adjectiva

Adjectiva & Substantiva diversarum Declinationum.

- 1 Candida 4 Manus, *a white Hand.*
 3 Cicur 1 Columba, *a tame Pigeon.*
 3 Iners 2 Asinus, *an idle Ass.*
 2 Gelidus 3 fons, *a cold Spring.*
 3 Dulce 2 Pomum, *a sweet Apple.*
 1 Squalida 5 Facies, *a nasty Face.*
 3 Hebes 2 Ingenium, *a dull Wit.*
 1 Venusta 3 Venus, *a fair Lady.*
 3 Felix 1 Sylva, *a fertile Wood.*
 2 Garrulus 3 Percontator, *a prattling busie-body.*
 3 Auris 1 patula, *an open Ear.*
 3 Impubis 1 Gena, *a beardless Cheek.*
 3 Mendax 1 Forma, *lying Beauty.*
 2 Meus 4 Vultus 2 amicus, *my friendly Countenance.*
 1 Mea 3 fallax 3 Imago, *my deceitful Image.*
 2 Meum 2 charum 4 Caput, *my dear Head.*
 2 Trepidus
 vel } 1 Dama, *a Trembling Deer.*
 1 Trepida }
 2 Malevolus 3 vetus 1 Poeta, *an old Cankered Poet.*
 3 Immanis ac 1 Barbara, 3 Consuetudo, *a cruel and barbarous Custom.*
 3 Hilaris 2 festus Dies, *a merry Holy-day.*
 2 Lucidus & 3 splendens, 1 Planeta, *a light and bright Planet.*
 3 Lucidior & 3 splendidior 1 Luna, *the lighter and brighter Moon.*
 2 Lucidissimus & 2 splendidissimus 3 Sol, *the very light and very bright Sun.*

*Terminationes Adjectivorum, tres gradus
Comparisonis.*

Doctus
Tener
Dulcis
Felix
Prudens

Singulariter

N.	us, er, is	} x, ns,	ior	mum
	a, is			ma
	um, e,		ius	mum
G.	i	} æ is		mi
	æ is		ioris	mæ
	i			mi
D.	o	} æ i		mo
	æ i		iori	mæ
	o			mo
A.	um	} em	iore	mum
	a m		ius	ma
	um, e, x, us,		ius	mum
V.	e, er, is,	} x, us,	ior	me
	a, is,			ma
	um. e.		ius	mum
A.	o	} a, i, e	iore iori	mo
	a, i, e			ma
	o			mo
N.	i	} es	iores	mi
	æ			mæ
	i	ia	iora	ma
G.	orum	} ium	iorum	morum
	arum			marum
	orum			morum
D.	is ubis		ioribus	mis
A.	os	} es	iores	mos
	as			mas
	a	ia	iora	ma
<i>V. Voc. ut Nom.</i>				
A.	is ibus		ioribus	mis

1. Exemplum

Pluraliter

1. Exemplum Adjectivorum trium Terminationum.

	P.	C.	S.
Singulariter	M. Doctus	Doctior	Doctissimus
	N. F. Docta	Doctior	Doctissima
	N. Doctum	Doctius	Doctissimum
	M. Docti	Doctioris	Doctissimi
	G. F. Doctæ	Doctioris	Doctissimæ
	N. Docti	Doctioris	Doctissimi
	M. Docto	Doctiori	Doctissimo
	D. F. Doctæ	Doctiori	Doctissimæ
	N. Docto	Doctiori	Doctissimo
	M. Doctum	Doctiorem	Doctissimum
	A. F. Doctam	Doctiorem	Doctissimam
	N. Doctum	Doctius	Doctissimum
	M. Docte	Doctior	Doctissime
	V. F. Docta	Doctior	Doctissima
	N. Doctum	Doctius	Doctissimum
	M. Docto	Doctiore vel ri,	Doctissimo
	A. F. Docta	Doctiore vel ri,	Doctissima
	N. Docto	Doctiore vel ri,	Doctissimo
Pluraliter	M. Docti	Doctiores	Doctissimi
	N. F. Doctæ	Doctiores	Doctissimæ
	N. Docta	Doctiora	Doctissima
	M. Doctorum	Doctiorum	Doctissimorum
	G. F. Doctarum	Doctiorum	Doctissimarum
	N. Doctorum	Doctiorum	Doctissimorum
	D. M. F. N. Doctis	Doctioribus	Doctissimis
	M. Doctos	Doctiores	Doctissimos
	A. F. Doctas	Doctiores	Doctissimas
	N. Docta	Doctiora	Doctissima
	M. Docti	Doctiores	Doctissimi
	V. F. Doctæ	Doctiores	Doctissimæ
	N. Docta	Doctiora	Doctissima
	A. M. F. N. Doctis	Doctioribus	Doctissimis

2. Exemplum

Terminationes Adjectivorum.

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2. Exemplum Adjectivorum duarum Terminationum.

	P.	C.	S.
<i>M.</i>	Dulcis	Dulcior	Dulcissimus
<i>N. F.</i>	Dulcis	Dulcior	Dulcissima
<i>N.</i>	Dulce	Dulcius	Dulcissimum
<i>M.</i>	Dulcis	Dulcioris	Dulcissimi
<i>G. F.</i>	Dulcis	Dulcioris	Dulcissimæ
<i>N.</i>	Dulce	Dulcioris	Dulcissimi
<i>M.</i>	Dulci	Dulciori	Dulcissimo
<i>D. F.</i>	Dulci	Dulciori	Dulcissimæ
<i>N.</i>	Dulci	Dulciori	Dulcissimo
<i>M.</i>	Dulcem	Dulciorem	Dulcissimum
<i>A. F.</i>	Dulcem	Dulciorem	Dulcissimam
<i>N.</i>	Dulce	Dulcius	Dulcissimum
<i>M.</i>	Dulcis	Dulcior	Dulcissime
<i>V. F.</i>	Dulcis	Dulcior	Dulcissima
<i>N.</i>	Dulcis	Dulcius	Dulcissimum
<i>M.</i>	Dulci	Dulciore vel ri,	Dulcissimo
<i>A. F.</i>	Dulci	Dulciore vel ri,	Dulcissima
<i>N.</i>	Dulci	Dulciore vel ri,	Dulcissimo
<i>M.</i>	Dulces	Dulciores	Dulcissimi
<i>N. F.</i>	Dulces	Dulciores	Dulcissimæ
<i>N.</i>	Dulcia	Dulciora	Dulcissima
<i>M.</i>	Dulcium	Dulciorum	Dulcissimorum
<i>G. F.</i>	Dulcium	Dulciorum	Dulcissimarum
<i>N.</i>	Dulcium	Dulciorum	Dulcissimorum
<i>D.M.F.N.</i>	Dulcibus	Dulcioribus	Dulcissimis
<i>M.</i>	Dulces	Dulciores	Dulcissimos
<i>A. F.</i>	Dulces	Dulciores	Dulcissimas
<i>N.</i>	Dulcia	Dulciora	Dulcissima
<i>V. Vo. ut No.</i>			
<i>A.</i>	<i>Ab. ut Da.</i>		

3. Exemplum

3. Exemplum Adjectivorum unius Terminationis.

	A	C	S
Singulariter	M. Felix	Felicior	Felicissimus
	N. F. Felix	Felicior	Felicissima
	N. Felix	Felicius	Felicissimum
	M. Felicis	Feliciores	Felicissimi
	G. F. Felicis	Feliciores	Felicissimæ
	N. Felicis	Feliciores	Felicissimi
	M. Felici	Felicioni	Felicissimo
	D. F. Felici	Felicioni	Felicissimæ
	N. Felici	Felicioni	Felicissimo
	M. Felicem	Feliciorem	Felicissimum
	A. F. Felicem	Feliciorem	Felicissimam
	N. Felix	Felicius	Felicissimum
	M. Felix	Felicior	Felicissime
	V. F. Felix	Felicior	Felicissima
	N. Felix	Felicius	Felicissimum
	M. Felice	Feliciores, vel ri,	Felicissimo
	A. F. Felice	Feliciores, vel ri,	Felicissima
	N. Felice	Feliciores, vel ri,	Felicissimo
Pluraliter	M. Felices	Feliciores	Felicissimi
	N. F. Felices	Feliciores	Felicissimæ
	N. Felicia	Felicia	Felicissima
	M. Felicium	Felicionum	Felicissimorum
	G. F. Felicium	Felicionum	Felicissimarum
	N. Felicium	Felicionum	Felicissimorum
	D. M. F. N.	Felicibus	Feliciores
	M. Felices	Feliciores	Felicissimos
	A. F. Felices	Feliciores	Felicissimas
	N. Felicia	Felicia	Felicissima
	V. Voc. ut No.		
	A. Ab. ut Da.		

Terminationes Verborum in O, secundum Conjugationes.

Modus Indicativus.

Persona		1	2	3		1	2	3
	Amo	1 o	as	at		amus	atis	ant
Præ-	Doc.	2 eo	es	et		emus	etis	ent
sens.	Leg.	3 o	is	it		imus	itis	unt
	Aud.	4 io	is	it		imus	itis	iunt
Im-		1 abam	} bas	bat				
per-		2 ebam						
fectū		3 ebam				bamus	batis	bant
		4 iebam						
	Singulariter	1 avi	} ifti	it				
Per-		2 ui						erunt
fectū		3 i				imus	istis	
		4 ivi						ere
	Pluraliter	1 averam	} ras	rat				
Pluf-		2 ueram						
quā		3 eram				ramus	ratis	rant
per-		4 iveram						
fectū		1 abo	} bis	bit				
		2 ebo				bimus	bitis	bunt
Fu-		3 am	} es	et				
turū		4 iam				emus	etis	ent

Modus Imperativus.

		1	a	et		ate	ent
			ato	ato		emus	atote onto
		2	e	eat		ete	cant
Præ-			eto	eto		eamus	etote onto
sens		3	e	at		ite	ant
	Singulariter		ito	ito		amus	iote unto
		4	i	iat		ite	iant
			ito	ito		iamus	itote iunto

B

Potentialis

	1. em	2. es	3. et	1. emus	2. etis	3. ent
Præfens.	2. eam	} as	at	amus	atis	ant
	3. am					
	4. iam					

	1. arem					
Imperf.	2. erem					
	3. erem	res	ret	remus	retis	rent
	4. irem					

	1. averim					
Perf. sectū	2. uerim					
	3. erim	ris	rit	rimus	ritis	rint
	4. iverim					

	1. avissem					
Plusquā-perf.	2. uissem					
	3. issem	ses	set	semus	fetis	sent
	4. ivissem					

	1. avero					
Futurum.	2. uero					
	3. ero	ris	rit	rimus	ritis	rint
	4. ivero					

Modus Infinitivus.

Præf.	1. are	1.
& Imperf.	2. ere	2.
perf.	3. ere	3.
	4. ire	4.

Gerundia.

andi	} do, dum.
endi	
endi	
iendi	

Præf. 1. avisse

& 2. uisse

Plus. 3. isse

Perf. 4. isse, ivisse

Supina.

atum	} u.
um	
um	
itum	

Futurum. 1. aturum

2. urum

3. urum

4. iturum

Particip. esse.

Præf. 1. ans
sen- 2. ens
tis. 3. ens
4. iensFuturum. 1. aturus
su- 2. urus
ri. 3. urus
iturus

Exempla

Exempla Verborum in Q.

15

Exempla primæ Conjugationis Verborum in Q.

Voco, <i>to call.</i>	Spero, <i>to hope.</i>
Clamo, <i>to cry.</i>	Pecco, <i>to sin.</i>
Ambulo, <i>to walk.</i>	Opto, <i>to wish.</i>
Claudico, <i>to halt.</i>	Nego, <i>to deny.</i>
Canto, <i>to sing.</i>	Cello, <i>to loyter.</i>
Puto, <i>to think.</i>	Curo, <i>to regard.</i>
Vigilo, <i>to watch.</i>	Litigo, <i>to brabble.</i>
Expecto, <i>to expect.</i>	Navigo, <i>to sail.</i>
Ægroto, <i>to be sick.</i>	Vapulo, <i>to be whipt.</i>
Exulo, <i>to be banished.</i>	

Exempla secundæ Conjugationis.

Teneo, <i>to hold.</i>	Censeo, <i>to think.</i>
Timeo, <i>to fear.</i>	Monco, <i>to admonish.</i>
Studeo, <i>to study.</i>	Frigeo, <i>to be cold.</i>
Lateo, <i>to lie hid.</i>	Valco, <i>to be in health.</i>
Taceo, <i>to be silent.</i>	Caleo, <i>to be warm.</i>

Exempla tertiz Conjugationis.

Bibo, <i>to drink.</i>	Serpo, <i>to Creep.</i>	Jacio, <i>to cast.</i>
Ico, <i>to strike.</i>	Linquo, <i>to leave.</i>	Fodio, <i>to dig.</i>
Trudo, <i>to thrust.</i>	Tero, <i>to wear.</i>	Fugio, <i>to shun.</i>
Figō, <i>to fasten.</i>	Arcesso, <i>to go to</i>	Capio, <i>to take.</i>
Veho, <i>to carry,</i>	<i>call.</i>	Pario, <i>to bring</i>
Molo, <i>to grind.</i>	Verto, <i>to turn.</i>	<i>forth.</i>
Fremo, <i>to roar.</i>	Solvo, <i>to loose.</i>	Quatio, <i>to shake.</i>
Sino, <i>to suffer.</i>	Nexo, <i>to knit.</i>	Statuo, <i>to appoint.</i>

Exempla quartæ Conjugationis.

Dormio, <i>to sleep.</i>	Scio, <i>to know.</i>	(con.
Garrio, <i>to prate.</i>	Lascivia, <i>to play the warr.</i>	
Impedio, <i>to hinder.</i>	Munio, <i>to fence.</i>	
Custodio, <i>to keep.</i>	Mollio, <i>to soften.</i>	
Servio, <i>to serve.</i>	Pipio, <i>to cry peep.</i>	
Obedio, <i>to obey.</i>	Nutrio, <i>to Nourish.</i>	

Terminationes Verborum in or, secundum quatuor
Conjugationes.

Indicativus Modus.

	I	2	3	I	2	3
præ- sens	1 or	aris	atur	amur	amini	antur
	2 eor	eris	etur	emur	emini	entur
	3 or	eris	itur	imur	imini	untur
	4 ior	iris	itur	imur	imini	iuntur
Im- perf.	1 abar					
	2 ebar					(tur
	3 ebar	baris	batur	bamur	bamini	ban-
	4 iebar	bare				
Per- fectū	1 atus	sum	es	est	sumus	estis
	2 us	fui	fuiſti	fuit	fuiſmus	fuiſtis
	3 us				sunt	
	4 itus				fuerunt	fuere
Pluf- quā- per- fectū	1 atus	eram	eras	erat	eramus	eratis
	2 us	fueram	fueras	fuerat	fueramus	fueratis
	3 us				erant	(tis
	4 itus				fuerant	
fu- turū.	1 abor	eris	itur	imur	imini	untur
	2 ebör	ere				
	3 ar	eris	etur	emur	emini	entur
	4 iar	ere				

Imperativus Modus.

Præ- sens	1	are	etur	emur	amini	entor
		ator	etor		aminor	antor
	2	ere	eatur	eamur	emini	eantur
		etor	etor		eminor	entor
	3	ere	eatur		imini	antor
		itor	itor	amur	iminor	untor
	4	ire	iatur		imini	iantur
		ito	itor	iamur	iminor	iuntor

Potentialis

Præfens	1	er	}	eris	}	etur	}	amur	}	emini	}	entur
	2	ear										
	3	ar				ere						
	4	iar				aris						
Imperf.	1	arer	}		}	atur	}	amur	}	amini	}	antur
	2	erer				are						
	3	erer				eris						
	4	irer				etur		emur		emini		entur
Perfect.	1	atus	}		}	ere	}		}		}	
	2	us		sim		lis		fit		simus		fitis
	3	us		fuerim		fueris		fuerit		fuerimus		fueritis
	4	itus								fint		(tis)
Plusquamperfect.	1	atus	}		}		}		}		}	
	2	us		essem		esses		esset		essemus		essetis
	3	us		fuissem		fuiſſes		fuiſſet		fuiſſemus		fuiſſetis
	4	itus								essent		(tis)
Futurū.	1	atus	}		}		}		}		}	
	2	us		ero		eris		erit		erimus		eritis
	3	us		fiero		fueris		fuerit		fuerimus		fueritis
	4	itus								erunt		(tis)

Infinitivus Modus.

Præf. & Imperf.	1	ari	}		}		}		}		}	
	2	eri										
	3	iri										
	4	iri										
Perfect. & Plusquamperfect.	1	atum	}		}		}		}		}	
	2	um		esse								
	3	um		fuisse								
	4	atum										
Futurū.	1	atum iri	}		}		}		}		}	
	2	andum esse										
	3	um iri										
	4	endum esse										

Participia			
Præteriti. Futuri in dus			
1.	atus	1.	andus
2.	}	2.	}
3.	us	3.	endus
4.	itus	4.	iendus

Exempla primæ Conjugationis Verborum in Or.

Precor, <i>to pray.</i>	Rogor, <i>to be asked.</i>
Suspisor, <i>to suspect.</i>	Turbor, <i>to be troubled.</i>
Confabulor, <i>to chat or talk.</i>	Vastor, <i>to be wasted.</i>
Miror, <i>to wonder.</i>	Verberor, <i>to be beaten.</i>
Osculor, <i>to kiss.</i>	Spolior, <i>to be spoiled.</i>
Venor, <i>to hunt.</i>	Vocor, <i>to be called.</i>
Veneror, <i>to worship.</i>	Crucior, <i>to be tormented.</i>
Piscor, <i>to fish.</i>	Recitor, <i>to be rehearsed.</i>
Migor, <i>to threaten.</i>	Gravor, <i>to be grieved.</i>
Testor, <i>to witness.</i>	

Exempla secundæ Conjugationis.

Fateor, <i>to confess.</i>	Irrideor, <i>to be mock'd.</i>
Polliceor, <i>to promise.</i>	Absterreor, <i>to be affrighted.</i>
Vereor, <i>to fear.</i>	Moveor, <i>to be moved. (ed.)</i>
Tueor, <i>to defend.</i>	Impleor, <i>to be filled.</i>
Mereor, <i>to deserve.</i>	Misceor, <i>to be mingled.</i>
Misereor, <i>to pity.</i>	Habeor, <i>to be accounted.</i>
Moneor, <i>to be advised.</i>	

Exempla tertiæ Conjugationis.

Sequor, <i>to follow.</i>	Opprimor, <i>to be oppressed.</i>
Loquor, <i>to speak.</i>	Quæror, <i>to be sought.</i>
Utor, <i>to use.</i>	Extinguor, <i>to be quenched.</i>
Revertor, <i>to return.</i>	Extendor, <i>to be stretched.</i>
Queror, <i>to complain.</i>	Illudor, <i>to be mocked. (or)</i>
Proficiscor, <i>to go.</i>	Deprehendor, <i>to be catch- ed.</i>
Labor, <i>to slide.</i>	
Promittor, <i>to be promised.</i>	Jungor, <i>to be joyned.</i>

Exempla quartæ Conjugationis.

Mentior, <i>to lie.</i>	Impedior, <i>to be entangled.</i>
Experior, <i>to try.</i>	Erudior, <i>to be instructed.</i>
Blandior, <i>to fawn upon.</i>	Invenior, <i>to be found.</i>
Sortior, <i>to cast lots.</i>	Punior, <i>to be punished.</i>
Ordior, <i>to begin.</i>	Redimior, <i>to be adorned.</i>
Partior, <i>to divide.</i>	

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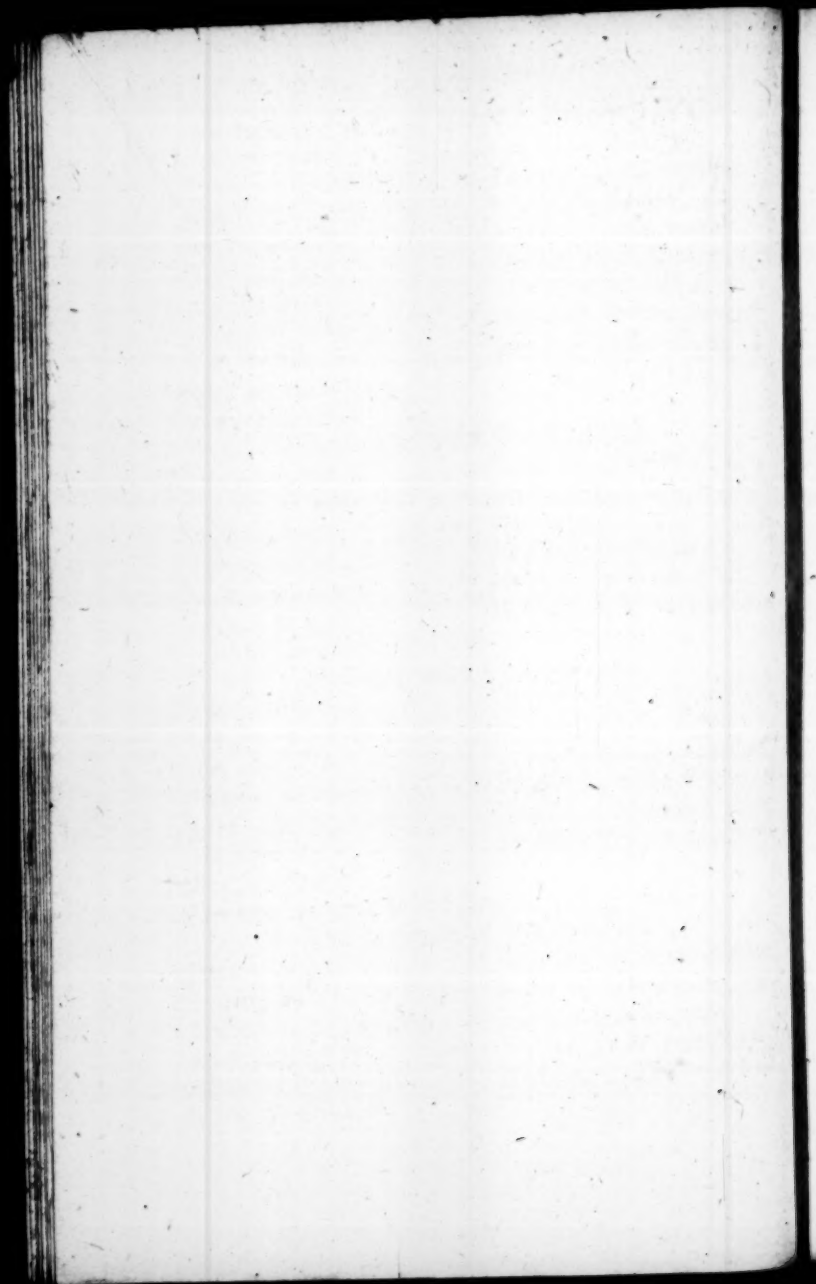
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Propria quæ Maribus,
QUÆ GENUS,
AND
AS IN PRÆSENTI,
Englified and Explained

For the Use of Young *Grammarians*.

By CHARLES HOOLE Master of Arts.



L O N D O N :

Printed for J. Clark, and are to be sold at
his Shop, at Mercers Chappel in Cheap-
side, 1690.

Propter die Martibus

DATE RECEIVED

MS. B. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.

Lehrbuch der Logik

For the Life of Young Christians.

B) C... ..



NOV 01

Printed for J. C. ...
by the ...
...

PROPRIA QUÆ MARIBUS

Explained.

1. The General Rules of Proper Names.

1. Proper Names which are given to Males (or he's) are of the Masculine Gender, viz,

1. * Of Gods, as,

Bacchus, chi.

Mars, tis.

Apollo, inis.

* These were no

Gods, but Idols

(or Devils ra-

ther) worshiped

as Gods.

2. Of Men, as,

Cato, onis.

Virgilius, lii.

3. Of Rivers, as,

Tybris, is, Acc. im, Abl. i. Orontes, tis, m.

4. Of Months, as,

October, bris, Abl. i.

5. Of Winds, as,

Lib, bis, the West-South-West-Wind.

Notus, ti,

Auster, tri, } the South-Wind.

2. Proper Names which are given to Females (or she's) are of the Feminine Gender, viz.

1. Of Goddesses, as,

Juno, onis.

Venus, ëris.

Of Women, as,

Anna, æ.

Philotis,

Philotis, otidis.

3. *Of Cities, as,*

Elis, idis.

Opus, untis.

4 *Of Countries, as,*

Græcia, æ.

Persis, idis.

5. *Of Islands, as,*

Creta, æ.

Britannia, æ.

Cyprus, pri.

Yet these proper Names of Cities, are excepted, viz.

- | | | | |
|----|------------------|--|-------------------------|
| 1. | Sulmo, monis, | } of the Masculine Gender. | |
| | Agragas, gantis, | | |
| 2. | { | Argos, gi, | } Of the Neuter Gender. |
| | | Tibur, uris, | |
| | | Præneste, is, | |
| 3. | Anxur, uris. | } Of both Masculine and Neuter Gender. | |

3. General Rules for the Genders of Common Names.

3. *All common Names of Trees are of the Feminine Gender, as,*
 Alnus, ni, *an Alder-tree.*
 Cupressus, fi, *a Cypress-tree.*
 Cedrus, dri, *a Cedar-tree.*

Englished and Explained.

3

Yet these Common Names of Trees are excepted.

- | | | | |
|----|---|---|------------------------------------|
| 1. | {
a Pinus, ni, & ūs, a wild Pine-tree.
or as some read
b Spinus, ni, a Sloe-tree.
Oleaster, tri, a wild Olive-tree.
a Pinus, Mas. & Fem. saith Holioke: Fem. here-
tofore of the Masculine, Calepin.
b Hic Spinus, a Sloe-tree, and Hæc Spina, a Thorn
Prickle, saith Servius in Virg.
Siler, eris, an Osier.
Suber, eris, a Cork-tree.
Thus, thuris, a Frankincense-tree.
Robur, oris, an Oak.
Acer, eris, a Maple. | } | Of the Mas-
culine Gen-
der: |
|----|---|---|------------------------------------|

2. These kinds of common Names are of the Epicene Gender, viz.

- | | |
|------------------------------|--|
| 1. Of Birds, as, | |
| Passer, eris, m. a Sparrow. | |
| Hirundo, inis, f. a Swallow. | |
| <hr/> | |
| 2. Of Beasts, as, | |
| Tigris, is, f. a Tyger. | |
| Vulpes, is, f. a Fox. | |
| <hr/> | |

- | | |
|--------------------------|--|
| 3. Of Fishes, as, | |
| Ostrea, æ, f. an Oyster. | |
| Cetus, ti, m. a Whale. | |

3. * All Nouns that end in Um, are of the Neuter Gender, as,

- | | |
|-----------------------|--|
| Londinum, ni, London. | |
| Malum, li, an Apple. | |
| Eboracum, ci, York. | |

* Except the Names of Women, as hæc Glycerium.

4. Every

Englished and Explained.

- 4
3. Every Noun that doth not alter its Termination, is of the Neuter Gender, as,
- | | | |
|-------------|---|--------|
| N. Fas, | } | Right. |
| G. Fas, | | |
| D. Fas, &c. | | |

Yet the Genders of Common Names are better known by the Genitive Case singular, for which there are three special Rules.

4. The first special Rule for the Genders of Common Names.

1. A Noun which hath no more Syllables in the Genitive Case singular, than it hath in the Nominative, is of the Feminine Gender, as,

1.	2.	}	1.	2.	}	2.	2.	}
N. Nu-bes,	G. Nu-bis,		Ca-pra,	Ca-præ,		a she-Ca-ro,	goat. Car-nis,	

1. Exception. Masculine.

1. Yet these Nouns are of the Masculine Gender, though they do not increase in the Genitive Case, viz.
1. Nouns that signifie Properties or Offices of men are of the Masculine Gender, if they end in [a] as,
- Scriba, æ, a Scribe.
- Asseda, æ, a Page.
- Scurra, æ, a Scoffer.

Rabula

Rabulæ, æ, a Brawler.

Lixa, æ, a Scullion.

Lanista, æ, a Fencer.

2. Nouns that come from the first Declension of the Greeks, which end in [as and es] and are made to end in [a] are of the Masculine Gender, as,

Satrapas, æ, } a Peer.
Satrapa, æ, }

Athletes, æ, } a Wrestler.
Athleta, æ, }

3. These Nouns are Masculine, viz.

Verres, ris, a Boar Pig.

Natalis, is, a Birth-day.

Aqualis, is, an Ewer.

4. Nouns which are compounded of As, Assis, are Masculines, as,

Centussis, is, an hundred pound Weight.

5. Likewise these Nouns are Masculines,

Lienis, is, the Milt.

Orbis, is, a round Thing.

Callis, is, a path way.

Caulis, is, a Stalk.

Follis, is, a pair of Bellows.

Collis, is, a little Hill.

Mensis, is, a Month.

Ensis, is, a Sword.

Fustis, is, a Club.

Funis, is, a Rope.

Panis,

Panis, is, *Bread.*

Penis, is, *a man's Yard.*

Crinis, is, *Hair.*

Ignis, is, *Fire.*

Cassis, is, *a Net.*

Fascis, is, *a Faggot.*

Torris, is, *a Fire-brand.*

Sentis, is, *a Thorn.*

Piscis, is, *a Fish.*

Unguis, is, *a Nail or Claw.*

Vermis, is, *a Worm.*

Vectis, is, *a Door-bar.*

Postis, is, *a Post.*

Axis, is, *an Axle-tree.*

6. Lastly, all Nouns which end either

in	{	a er,	{	Venter, tris, a belly.	{	are of the Masculine Gender.	
		os,		as			Logos, gi, a Speech.
		b us,		ni			Annus, ni, a Year.

* a Yet Mater, tris, a Mother, is of the Feminine Gender, though it end in er.

b And these Nouns that end in [us] are of the Feminine Gender, viz.

Humus, mi, the Ground.

Domus, mi, or us, a House.

Alvus, vi, a Paunch.

Colus, li, a Spindle or Distaff.

Ficus, ci, & cus, a Fig, or Fig-tree.

Acus, us, a Needle.

Porticus, us, a Porch.

Tribus, us, a Tribe.

Socrus, us, a Mother-in-Law.

Nurus, us, a Daughter-in-Law.

Manus, ūs, a Hand.

Pl Idus, uum, the Ides of a Month.

Anu, ūs, an Old Woman.

Vannus, ni, a Van.

Likewise Greek Words which change os into us are of the Feminine Gender, as,

Papyrus, ri, Paper.

Antidotus, ti, a Preservative against Payson.

Diphthongus, gi, a Diphthong.

Byssus, si, fine Flax.

Abyssus, si, a bottomless Pit.

Crystallus, Crystal.

Synodus, di, an Assembly.

Sapphyrus, ri, a Sapphire.

Eremus, mi, a Wilderness.

Arctus, Cti, Charles's Wain.

2. Except. Neuters.

2. These Nouns are of the Neuter Gender, though they do not increase in the Genitive Case, viz.

1. Nouns that end in [e] in the Nominative Case, and make [is] in the Genitive Case, are of the Neuter Gender, as

Mare, is, the Sea.

Rete, is, a Net.

2. All Nouns that end in [on] and [um] in the Nominative Case singular, are of the Neuter Gender, as

Barbiton, ti, a Lute.

Ovum, vi, an Egg.

3. Also these four Nouns are of the Neuter Gender, viz.
 Hippomanes, nis, a peice of flesh in a Colts forehead.
 Cacoethes, is, an evil Custom.
 Virus, invariab. Poyson.
 Pelagus, gi, the Sea.

4. This Noun Vulgus, gi, the Common People, is both of the Masculine and Neuter Gender.

3. Exception. Doubtfuls.

These Nouns are of the Doubtful Gender, viz.

Talpa, æ, a Mole.

Dama, æ, a fallow Deer.

Canalis, is, a Channel.

* Halcyonis, is, a King-fisher.

Finis, is, an End.

Clunis, is, a Buttock.

Restis, is, a Rope.

Penus, ni, or ùs, Victuals.

Amnis, is, a River.

Pampinus, ni, a Vine leaf.

Corbis, bis, a Basket.

Linter, tris, a Cockboat.

Torquis, is, a Gold Chain.

Specus, ci, or ùs, a Den.

Anguis, is, a Snake.

Ficus, ci, a Pile in the Fundament.

Phaselus, li, a Galliot or Barge.

Lecythus, thi, an Oyl-glass.

Atomus, mi, a little Mote.

Grossus, fi, a green Fig.

Pharus, ri, a Watch-tower.

Paradisus, li, Paradise.

* Halcyon is read of the Feminine Gender, and seems to belong to the third special Rule.

4. Except. Commons.

4. These Nouns are of the Common of two Gender, which increase not in the Genitive Case, viz.

1. Nouns which are compounded of a Verb and end in a, as

Graetigena, æ, a Grecian born.

Agricolā, æ, a Husbandman.

Advēna, æ, a Stranger.

Gratus
and
Gigno.
Ager, gri
and
Colo.
Ad
and
Venio.

2. Likewise these Nouns are of the Common of two Gender, viz.

Senex, is, an Old Man.

Auriga, æ, a Cartman.

Vates, is, a Prophet.

Extorris, is, a Banished Man.

Patruelis, is, a Cousin-German.

Perduelis, is, an Enemy in War.

Affinis, is, a Kinsman.

Juvenis, is, a Young Man.

Testis, is, a Witness.

Civis, is, a Citizen.

Canis, is, a Dog or a Bitch.

Hostis, is, an Enemy.

5. The second special Rule for the Genders of common Names.

1. Nouns that have more Syllables in the Genitive Case, than they have in the Nominative Case, are of the Feminine Gender, if the last syllable save one in the Genitive Case singular be pronounced long, as

	1	2	3	
Nom.	hæc	Pi-e	tas	} Godliness.
		1	2	
G.	hujus	Pi-e	tatis	

	1	2	
Nom.	hæc	Vir-tus	} Virtue.
		1	
G.	hujus	Vir-tu	tis

1. Nouns Masculines.

1. These Nouns of one syllable are of the Masculine Gender though they increase long in the Genitive Case, viz.

Sal, falis, Salt.
 Sol, folis, the Sun.
 Ren, renis, the Kidneys.
 Splen, nis, the Spleen.
 Car, is, a Man of Caria.
 Ser, is, a Man of Seres.
 Vir, ri, a Man.
 Vas, dis, a Surety.
 As, alis, a pound Weight.

Mas, Maris, *the Male.*
 Bes, beffis, *Eight Ounces.*
 Cres, tis, *a Man of Cress.*
 Pres, dis, *a Surety.*
 Pes, pedis, *a Foot.*
 Glis, gliris, *a Dormouse.*
 Mos, moris, *a Manner.*
 Flos, floris, *a Flower.*
 Ros, roris, *the Dew.*
 Tros, ois, *a Trojan.*
 Mus, muris, *a Mouse.*
 Dens, tis, *a Tooth.*
 Mons, tis, *a Mountain.*
 Pons, tis, *a Bridge.*
 Fons, tis, *a Fountain.*
 Seps, pis, *a Newt.*
 Gryps, phis, *a Gryffon.*
 Thrax, acis, *a Thracian.*
 Rex, regis, *a King.*
 Grex, igis, *a Flock.*
 Phryx, gis, *a Phrygian.*

-
2. Nouns of more syllables than one, which do end in (n) in the Nominative Case singular, are of the Masculine Gender, as,

Acarnan, ānis, *one of Acarnania.*
 Licen, ēnis, *the Herb Liverwort.*
 Delphin, īnis, *a Dolphin.*

-
3. Nouns which end in (o) and signifie a body, are of the Masculine Gender, as,

Leo, onis, *a Lyon.*
 Curculio, onis, *a Weasel.*
 And these three Nouns.
 Senio, onis, *the Size of a Die.*

*Propria quæ Maribus*Ternio, onis, *the Trey.*Sermo, onis, *a Speech.*

4. Nouns which end in

Er,	} as {	Crater, ēris, <i>a great Cup.</i>
Or,		Conditor, ōris, <i>a Builder.</i>
Os,		Heros, ōis, <i>a Nobleman.</i>

5. These are of the Masculine Gender.

Torrens, tis, *a Brook.*Nefrens, tis, *a weaned Pig.*Oriens, tis, *the East.*

6. Many Nouns that end in dens are of the Masculine Gender, as

Bidens, tis, *a two grained Fork.*

7. And these Nouns are of the Masculine Gender, viz.

Gigas, antis, *a Giant.*Elephas, antis, *an Elephant.*Adamas, antis, *an Adamant.*Garamas, antis, *a Man of Garamatia.*Tapes, ētis, *Cloth of Arras.*Lebes, ētis, *a Caldron.*Cures, ētis, *a Man of Crete.*Magnes, ētis, *a Loadstone.*Meridies, ei, *Noon.*

8. Nouns which are Compounded of As, assis, are of the Masculine Gender, as

Dodrans, antis, *Nine Ounces.*Semis, issis, *half a Pound.*

9. Like-

9. Likewise these Nouns are of the Masculine Gender viz.

Samnis, ītis, a Samnite.
 Hydrops, ōpis, the Dropsie.
 Nycticorax, ācis, a Night-raven.
 Thorax, ācis, a Brest-plate,
 Vervex, ācis, a Bel-weatber.
 Phoenix, īcis, a Phenix.
 Bombyx, ycis, a Silk-worm.

Yet Syren, ēnis, a Mermaid.

* Mulier, iēris, a Woman.

Soror, ōris, a Sister.

Uxor, ōris, a Wife.

are of the Feminine Gender.

* Mulier belongs rather to the third special Rule.

2. Except. Neuters.

2. These Nouns are of the Neuter Gender though they increase long in the Genitive Case.

1. Certain Nouns of one Syllable, viz.

Mel, mellis, Honey.

Fel, fellis, Gall.

Lac, ctis, Milk.

Far, farris, Spelt or Wheat.

Ver, vēris, the Spring.

Cor, cordis, the Heart.

Æs, æris, Brass.

Vas, vasis, a Vessel.

Os, ossis, a Bone.

Os, oris, a Mouth.

Rus, ruris, the Country.

Thus, *thuris*, *Frankincense*.

Jus, juris, *Law or Right*.

Crus, cruris, *a Leg.*

Pus, puris, *Filth, or matter of a Sore*.

2. Nouns of more Syllables, which end either
 in } al, { Capital, *Alis*, a Quoit.
 } ar, { Laquear, *âris*, the vaulted Roof of an House.

3. This Noun *Halec, ecis*, a Herring, is both of the Feminine and Neuter Gender in the singular number, and of the Feminine only in the Plural.

3. Exception. Doubtfuls.

3. These Nouns are of the Doubtful Gender, though they increase long in the Genitive Case, viz.

Python, ōnis, One possessed with a Prophecying Spirit.
Scrobs, obis, a Ditch.

Serpens, tis, a Serpent.

Bubo, ōnis, an Owl.

Rudens, entis, a Cable Rope.

Grus, gruis, a Crane.

Perdix, dicis, a Partridge.

Lynx, cis, a spotted Beast.

Limax, âcis, a Snail.

Stirps, pīs, the Stock of a tree.

Calx, cis, the Heel.

Dies, Diei, a Day, which is of the Masculine Gender only in the Plural number.

4. Except.

4. Except. Commons.

4. These Nouns are of the Common of two Gender, though they increase long in the Genitive Case, viz.

Parens, entis, a Father or Mother.

Author, ōris, an Author.

Infans, tis, an Infant.

Adolescens, tis, a Young Man.

Dux, ducis, a Captain.

Illex, ēgis, a lawless Person.

Hæres, ēdis, an Heir.

Extlex, lēgis, a Lawless Person.

Nouns Compounded of Frons, as,

Bifrons, tis, One that hath a double Forehead.

Custos, ōdis, a Keeper.

Bos, bovis, an Ox.

Fur, furis, a Thief.

Sacerdos, dōtis, a Priest.

9. The third special Rule for the Genders of Common Names.

3. If a Noun have more syllables in the Genitive Case singular, than it hath in the Nominative, and the last syllable save one in the Genitive be short, it is of the Masculine Gender.

	1	2	
{	Nom.	San- guis	} Blood.
	Gen.	San- gui nis	

1. Except.

1. Exception. Feminines.

1. *Yet these Nouns are of the Feminine Gender though they increase short in the Genitive, viz.*

1. *All Nouns of more than two Syllables, which end either in*

Do } and make } dñis, } as } Dulcedo, dñis, *sweetness.*
 Go } the Gen. in } gñis, } } Compago, gñis, *a joynr.*

2. *These Nouns are of the Feminine Gender, viz.*

Virgo, gñis, *a Maid.*

Grando, dñis, *Hail.*

Fides, ěi, *Faith.*

Compes, pēdis, *a pair of Fetters.*

Teges, ětis, *a Mat.*

Seges, ětis, *standing Corn.*

Arbor, ōris, *a Tree.*

Hyems, ěmis, *Winter.*

Bacchar, chāris, *the Herb called Ploughmans
Spiknard or Ladies Gloves.*

Syndon, ōnis, *fine Linnen.*

Gorgon, ōnis, *one of the Daughters of Phorcus.*

Icon, ōnis, *an Image.*

Amazon, ōnis, *a warlike Woman of Seythia.*

3. *Greek Nouns which end in*

As, } as } Lampas, ādis, *a Lamp.*

Is, } } Iaspis, ĩdis, *a Jasper-stone.*

And these two Latin words in is, viz.

Cassis, ĩdis, *an Helmet.*

Cuspis, ĩdis, *a spear point.*

As also Pecus, ūdis, small Cattle.

4. *These*

4. These Nouns are of the Feminine Gender, viz.

Forfex, fîcis, a pair of Scissors.

Pellex, îcis, an Harlot.

Carex, îcis, Sedge.

Supellex, lectîlis, Household-stuff.

Pl. hæc Supellectîlia, n.

Appendix, îcis, a Penthouse.

Hîstrix, îcis, a Porcupine.

Coxendix, îcis, an Hip.

Filix, îcis, Fern.

2. Exception. of Neuters.

2. These Nouns are of the Neuter Gender, though they increase short in the Genitive Case.

1. All Nouns which signifie a thing that hath no Life, and end either in

A, } Problema, âtis, a hard Question.

En, } Omen, înis, Luck.

Ar, } Jubar, âris, a Sun-beam.

Ur, } Jecur, ôris, the Liver.

Us, } Onus, êris, a Burden.

Put, } Occiput, îtis, the hinder part of the Head.

Tet Pecten, înis, a Comb, and Furfur, ûris, Bran, are of the Masculine Gender.

2. These Nouns are of the Neuter Gender, which end in er, (viz.)

Cadaver, êris, a dead Corps.

Verber, êris, a Stripe.

Iter, itinêris, a Journey.

Suber,

Suber, ōris, a *Cork*.
 Tuber, ōris, a *Mushrome*.
 Ulber, ōris, a *Dug*.
 Gingiber, ōris, *Ginger*.
 Laser, ōris, the *Herb Benjamin*,
 Cicer, ōris, a *Vetch*.
 Piper, ōris, *Pepper*.
 Papaver, is, a *Poppy*.
 Seler, ōris, a *Parfnip*.
 Siler, ōris, an *Osier*.

9. *Likewise these Nouns are of the Neuter Gender, viz.*
 Æquor, ōris, the *Sea*.
 Marmor, ōris, *Marble*.
 Ador, ōris, *Wheat*.
 Pecus, ōris, *Cattle*.
-

2. Exception. of Doubtfuls.

3. *These Nouns are of the Doubtful Gender, though they increase short in the Genitive Case.*
 Cardo, dīnis, the *Hinge of a Door*.
 Margo, gīnis, a *Margin*.
 Cinis, ōris, *Ashes*.
 Obex, Icīs, a *Door-bolt*.
 Pulvis, ōris, *Dust*.
 Adeps, Ipīs, *Fatness*.
 Pumex, Icīs, a *Pumice-stone*.
 Ramex, Icīs, *Burstennes*.
 Forceps, Ipīs, a *pair of Tongs*.
 Anas, ātis, a *Duck or Drake*.
 Imbrex, Icīs, a *Gutter-Tile*.
 Culex, Icīs, a *Gnat*.

Yet these are most commonly used in the Masculine Gender.

Natrix,

Natrix, icis, a water Serpent.

Onyx, ycis, the Nail of a Mans Hand, with its Compounds.

Silex, icis, a Flint-stone.

4. Except. of Commons.

1. *These Nouns are of the Common of two Gender, though they increase short in the Genitive Case.*

Vigil, ilis, a Watchman.

Pugil, ilis, a Champion.

Exul, ūlis, a banished Man.

Præful, ūlis, a President.

Homo, inis, a Man or Woman.

Nemo dat. nemini, No body.

Martyr, yris, a Martyr.

Ligur, ūris, a Man of Liguria.

Augur, ūris, a Soothsayer.

Arcas, ādis, one of Arcadia.

Antistes, Itis, a chief Ruler.

Miles, Itis, a Soldier.

Pedes, Itis, a Footman.

Interpres, ĕtis, an Interpreter.

Comes, Itis, a Companion.

Hospes, Ich, a Guest.

Alcs, Itis, a great Fowl.

Præses, Idis, a President.

Princeps, Ipis, a Prince.

Auceps, cūpis, a Fowler.

Eques, Itis, a Horseman.

Obses, Idis, a Pledge in War.

-
2. *Many others Nouns which are derived of Verbs, are of the Common of two Gender, as,*

Conjux, jugis, a Husband or Wife.

Judex,

Judex, Icīs, a Judge.

Vindex, Icīs, a Revenger.

Opifex, Icīs, a Workman.

Aruspex, Icīs, a Soothsayer.

7. The Rules for the Genders of Adjectives.

1. R. *Adjectives that have but one Termination, alone are of the common of three Gender, as,*

N. Hic, hæc, & hoc felix, happy.

G. hujus feliciſ.

N. Hic, hæc, & hoc audax, bold.

G. hujus audaciſ.

2. *If any Adjective have two Terminations, the first Termination of the common of two Gender, and the second of the Neuter, as,*

N. Hic & hæc omniſ, c. 2. & hoc omne, n. all.

3. R. *If a Noun Adjective have three divers endings, the first word ſhall be of the Masculine, the second of the Feminine, and the third of the Neuter Gender, as,*

Sacer, m. Sacra, f. Sacrum, n.

1. Obſ. *There are ſome Adjectives declined with two Articles like Subſtantives, yet in very deed are Adjectives, and are ſo uſed; ſuch are theſe, viz.*

Pauper, ĕriſ, poor.

Puber, ĕriſ, of ripe age.

Degener, ĕriſ, one that degenerateth.

Uber, ĕriſ, plentiful.

Dives, Itis, *rich.*

Locuples, Etis, *wealthy.*

Sospes, Itis, *safe.*

Comes, Itis, *a Companion.*

Superstes, Itis, *one that overliveth.*

Besides some others which you shall find as you read Authors.

2. *Obi. These Adjectives would have a certain fashion of declining of their own, id est, they will have both three Terminations, and three Articles, viz.*

Campester, belonging to the Fields.

Volucer, swift of Wing.

Celeber, famous.

Celer, swift of foot.

Saluber, wholesom.

Pedester, belonging to a foot-man.

Equester, belonging to a horse-man.

Acer, sharp or tart.

Paluster, belonging to a fen.

Alacer, chearful.

Sylvester, belonging to a Wood.

Which may be declined thus.

N. Hic celer, m. hæc celeris, f. hoc celere, n.
or hic & hæc celeris, & hoc celere.

G. Hujus celeris.

D. Huic celeri.

N. Hic acer, hæc acris, hoc acre.
or hic & hæc acris, & hoc acre.

G. Hujus acris.

D. Huic acri, *and so the rest.*

A Synopsis of Propria quæ Maribus.

Propria quæ Maribus contains in it the Rules to know the Genders of Nouns

Adjectives

Irregular Regular

Substantives

Common

Special of Nouns

Proper

1. Masculines, at Propria quæ, &c.
 2. Feminines, at Propria Fœmineum, &c.

3. General of

Trees, at Appellativa, &c.

Birds,

Beasts,

Fishes,

Nouns in um, at Omne quod, &c.

at Sunt etiam, &c.

4. Not increasing, at
 Nomen non crescens, &c.
 Whence are
 excepted

Masculines, at Mascula nomina, &c.

Neuters, at Neutrum nomen, &c.

Doubtfuls, at Incerti generis, &c.

Commons, at Compositum à verbo, &c.

5. Increasing long, at
 Nomen crescentis, &c.
 Whence are
 excepted

Masculines, at Mascula dicuntur, &c.

Neuters, at Sunt neutralia, &c.

Doubtfuls, at Sunt dubia hæc, &c.

Commons, at Sunt commune, &c.

6. Increasing short, at
 Nomen, &c.
 Whence are
 excepted

Feminines, at Fœminei gen. &c.

Neuters, at Est neutrale, &c.

Doubtfuls, at Sunt dubii, &c.

Commons, at Communis generis, &c.

Of three
 Articles
 and

One termination, at Adjectiva, &c.

Two terminations, at Sub gemina, &c.

Three terminations, at At si tres variant, &c.

Of two Articles only, at At sunt quæ flexu, &c.

Of three terminations and three articles, at Hæc proprium, &c.

A N

I N D E X

O F

The Nouns in *Propria quæ Maribus*, shewing
a young Learner how to decline them ;
with Figures also directing to the Page,
wherein to find the Rule of the Gender.

A

A Byssus, si, f. <i>a bottomless Pit</i>	7
Acarnan, ānis, m. <i>one of Acarnania in Greece</i>	11
Acer, ĕris m. <i>a Maple Tree</i>	3
Acer, m. acris, f. <i>acre</i> , n. <i>vel acris</i> , c. 2. <i>acre</i> , n. <i>sharp</i>	21
Acus, us, f. <i>a Needle</i>	6
Adamas, antis, n. <i>a Diamond</i>	13
Adeps, ipis, d. g. <i>Fatness</i>	18
Adolescens, tis, c. 2. <i>a Young Man</i>	15
Ador, ōris, n. <i>Wheat</i>	18
Advena, æ, c. 2. <i>a Stranger</i>	9
Æquor, ōris, n. <i>the Sea</i>	13
Æs, æris, n. <i>Brass</i>	13
Affinis, is, c. 2. <i>a Kinsman by Marriage</i>	9
Agragas, gantis, m. <i>a Town in Sicily, now called Ger-</i> <i>genti</i>	2
Agricola, æ, c. 2. <i>a Husbandman</i>	9
Alacer, m. <i>cris</i> , f. <i>cre</i> , n. <i>vel alacris</i> , c. 2. <i>cre</i> , n.	
<i>Cheerful</i>	D
	Ale

Ales, itis, c. 2. a great Bird	19
Alnus, ni, f. an Alder-tree	2
Alvus, vi, f. the Paunch	6
Amazon, ōnis, f. a Warlike Woman	16
Amnis, is, d. g. a River	8
Anas, ātis, d. g. a Duck or a Drake	18
Anguis, is, d. g. a Snake	1
Anna, æ, f. Anne	8
Annus, ni, m. a Year	6
Antidōtus, ti, f. an Antidote	7
Antistes, itis, c. 2. a President	19
Anus, us, f. an Old Woman	7
Anxur, ūris, m. & n. a Town in Italy now called Terracine	2
Apollo, ūnis, m. the feigned God of Wisdom	1
Appendix, icis, f. an Addition	17
Aqualis, is, m. an Ewer	4
Arbor, ōris, f. a Tree	13
Arcas, ādis, c. 2. one of Arcadia	19
Arctus, i, f. Charles's Wain	7
Argos, gi, n. pl. hi Argi, orum, m. a Town in Greece now called Argos	2
Aruspex, icia, a Soothsayer	26
As, affis, m. a Pound	16
Asseda, æ, m. a Page	4
Athleta, æ, m. a Wrestler	5
Athletes, æ, m. a Wrestler	5
Atōmus, mi, d. g. a Mote in the Sun	8
Auceps, cūpis, c. 2. a Fowler	19
Audax, ācis, c. 3. Bold	26
Augur, ūris, c. 2. a Soothsayer.	19
Auriga, æ, c. 2. a Waggoner	9
Auster, ūris, m. the South-wind	1
Axis, is, an Axle Tree.	6

B

B acchar, äris, f. <i>an Herb called Lady gloves or Clowns Spikenard</i>	16
Bacchus, ehi, m. <i>the feigned God of VVine</i>	1
Barbiton, ti, n. <i>a Lute</i>	7
Bes, beffis, m. <i>eight Ounces</i>	11
Bidens, tis, n. <i>a two-grained Fork</i>	11
Bifrons, tis, <i>one that hath two Foreheads</i>	15
Bombyx, ycis, <i>a Silkworm</i>	13
Bos, bovis, c. 2. <i>an Ox, Plur. N. boves, G. boum, D. Bobus vel bubus, &c.</i>	15
Britannia, æ, f. <i>Britain</i>	2
Bubo, bonis, d. g. <i>an Owl</i>	14
Byffus, fi, f. <i>finc flax</i>	7

C

C acoethes, is, n. <i>an evil Custom</i>	6
Cadaver, ëris, n. <i>a Carcass</i>	17
Callis, is m. <i>a Path</i>	5
Calx cis, d. g. <i>an Heel</i>	14
Campefter, m. ftris, f. ftre, n. vel ftris c. 2. ftre, n. <i>Champaign</i>	21
Canalis, is, d. g. <i>a Channel.</i>	8
Canis, is, c. 2. <i>a Dog or Bitch</i>	9
Capital, älis, n. <i>a Quoit</i>	14
Capra, æ, f. <i>a She-goat</i>	4
Car, caris, m. <i>a Man of Caria</i>	10
Cardo, djinis, d. g. <i>the Hinge of a door</i>	18
Carex, icis, f. <i>Sedge.</i>	17
Caro, Carnis, f. <i>Flesh</i>	4
Caffis, is, m. <i>a Net.</i>	6
Caffis, idis, f. <i>an Helmet, Acc. } Caffidem</i>	6
	<i>Caffida</i>

Cato, ōnis, m. <i>the name of a wise Roman</i>	1
Caulis, is, m. <i>a Stalk</i>	5
Cedrus, dri, f. <i>a Cedar-tree</i>	2
Celeber, m. bris, f. bre, n. vel bris, c. 2. bre, n. <i>Famous</i>	21
Celer, m. ris, f. re, n. vel ris, c. 2. re, n. <i>Swift</i>	21
Centussis, is, m. <i>an hundred pound weight</i>	5
Cetus, ti, m. <i>a Whale</i> , pl. ceti, orum, m. <i>and cete</i> , n. indecl. <i>whales</i>	3
Cicer, ĕris, n. <i>a Vetch</i>	18
Cinis, ĕris, m. <i>Ashes</i>	18
Civis, is, c. 2. <i>a Citizen</i>	9
Clunis, is, d. g. <i>a Buttock</i>	8
Collis, is, m. <i>a little Hill</i>	5
Colus, li, & lus, <i>a Distaff</i>	6
Comes, ĩtis, c. 2. <i>a Companion</i>	19
Compago, gĭnis, f. <i>a Joynt</i>	16
Compes, pedis, f. <i>a Fetter</i>	16
Conditor, ōris, m. <i>a Builder</i>	12
Conjux, jugis, c. 2. <i>a Husband or Wife</i>	19
Cor, dis, n. <i>a Heart</i>	13
Corbis, is, d. g. <i>a Basket</i>	8
Custus, i, f. <i>the Herb Ale-Cost</i>	7
Coxendix, ĩcis, f. <i>a Hip</i>	6
Crater, ĕris, m. <i>a Cup</i> , Acc. { Craterem Cratera	17 12
Cres, tis, m. <i>one of Crete or Candy</i>	11
Cręta, æ, f. <i>the Island of Crete or Candy</i>	2
Crinis, is, m. <i>a Hair</i>	6
Crus, cruris, n. <i>a Leg</i>	14
Cryſtallus, li, f. <i>Cryſtal</i>	7
Culex, ĩcis, d. g. <i>a Gnat</i>	27
Cupreſſus, ſi, f. <i>a Cypreſs-tree</i>	3
Curculio, ōnis, m. <i>a VVeefel</i>	13
Cures, etis, <i>one of Creta</i>	12
Cuspis, ĩdis, f. <i>the point of a VVeapon</i>	16
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Cyprus, pri, <i>f. the Island of Cyprus</i>	2

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D Ama, æ, d. g. <i>a Fallow Deer</i>	8
Delphin, inis, m. <i>a Dolphin</i>	11
Degener, ĕris, c. 2. <i>Out of kind</i>	20
Dens, tis, m. <i>a Tooth</i>	11
Dies, ei, d. g. pl. dies, erum, <i>a Day</i>	15
Dives, itis, c. 2. <i>Rich</i>	21
Diphthongus, gi, <i>f. a Diphthong.</i>	7
Dodrans, antis, <i>Nine Ounces</i>	12
Domus, i, vel us, <i>f. a House.</i> Dat. Domo, vel ūi, Acc. um, Voc. us, Abl. u. Pl. N. us, G. orum vel uum, Dat. ibus, Acc. os vel us, Voc. ūs, Abl. ibus	6
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Dux, ducis, c. 2. <i>a Guide</i>	15

E

E Boracum, ci, n. <i>York</i>	3
Elephas, antis, m. <i>an Elephant</i>	12
Elis, Idis, <i>f. a City in Greece</i>	2
Ensis, is, m. <i>a Sword</i>	5
Eques, itis, c. 2. <i>a Horseman</i>	19
Equester, m stris, <i>f. itre, n. vel stris, c. 2. stre, n. Belonging to a Horseman</i>	21
Eremus, mi. <i>f. a Wilderness</i>	7
Exlex, legis, c. 2. <i>a lawless body</i>	15
Extorris, is, <i>a Banished person.</i>	9
Exul, ūlis, c. 2. <i>a Banished person.</i>	16

D 3

Far,

F

F Ar, farris, n. <i>Bread-Corn</i>	13
Fas, n. Indecl. <i>Right</i>	4
Fascis, is m. <i>a Faggot</i>	6
Fel, fellis, n. <i>Gall.</i>	13
Felix, ĩcis, c. 3. <i>Happy</i>	20
Ficus, ci, & us, f. <i>a Fig or Fig-tree</i>	6
Ficus, ci, d. g. <i>the Piles in the Fundament</i>	8
Fides, ěi, f. <i>Faith</i>	16
Filix, ĩcis, f. <i>Fern or Brake</i>	17
Finis, is, d. g. <i>an End</i>	8
Flos, floris, m. <i>a Flower</i>	14
Follis, lis, m. <i>a pair of Bellows</i>	5
Fons, tis, m. <i>a Fountain</i>	11
Forceps, cipis, d. g. <i>a pair of Tongs</i>	18
Forfex, ĩcis, f. <i>a pair of Sheers</i>	17
Funis, is, m. <i>a Rope</i>	5
Fur, turis, c. 2. <i>a Thief</i>	15
Furfur, ũris, m. <i>Bran</i>	17
Fustis, is, m. <i>a Club</i>	5

G

G Ar mas, antis, m. <i>one of Garamantia in Africk</i>	12
Gingiber, ěris, n. <i>Ginger</i>	18
Glis, gliris, m. <i>a Dormouse</i>	11
Gorgon, ōnis, <i>one of Phorcus Daughters, a terrible Woman</i>	16
Gracia, æ, f. <i>Greece</i>	2
Grajugena, æ, c. 2. <i>a Grecian born</i>	9
Grando, ĩnis, f. <i>Hail</i>	16
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Grossus

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Grus, gruis, d. g. a Crane	8
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Gigas, antis, m. a Giant	11
	12

H

H Alcyonis, is, d. g. a Kings-fisher	8
Hæres, ēdis, c. 2. an Hen	15
Halec, ēcis, f. & n. an Herring, plur. haleces, f.	14
Heros, ōis, m. a Nobleman	12
Hirundo, dīnis, f. a Swallow	3
Histrīx, īcis, f. a Porcupine	17
Hippomanes, is, m. Mare Poyson	8
Homo, īnis, c. 2. a Man	19
Hospes, ītis, c. 2. an Host or Guest	19
Hospes, ītis, c. 2. an Enemy	9
Humus, mī, f. the Ground	6
Hydrops, ōpis, m. the Dropsie	13
Hyems, ēmis, f. Winter	16

I

I Aspis, īdis, f. a Jasper-stone.	16
Icon, ōnis, f. an Image	16
Idus, uum, f. the Ides of a Month	7
Jecur, jecōris, jecinoris, n. the Liver	17
Ignis, is, m. Fire	6
Illex, lēgis, c. 2. a lawless Body	15
Imbrex, īcis, d. g. a Guttur-Tile	18
Infans, tis, c. 2. an Infant	15
Interpres, ētis, an Interpreter	19
Iter, itineris, n. a Journey	17
Jubar, āris, n. the Sun-beam	17

Judex, icis, c. 2. <i>a Judge</i>	20
Juno, Junonis, f. <i>the feigned Goddess</i>	1
Jus, juris, n. <i>Right.</i>	14
Juvenis, is, c. 2. <i>a young Man.</i>	9

L

L Ac, lactis, n. <i>Milk</i>	13
Lampas, ādis, f. <i>a Lamp</i>	16
Laniſta, æ, m. <i>a Fencing-Maſter</i>	5
Laquear, āris, n. <i>a vaulted Roof</i>	14
Laſer, ēris, n. <i>the Herb Benzoin</i>	18
Lebes, ētis, m. <i>a Caldron</i>	12
Lecythus, thi, d. g. <i>an Oyl-glaſs</i>	8
Leo, ōnis, m. <i>a Lyon</i>	11
Lichen, ēnis, m. <i>the Herb Liverwort or Hepatica</i>	11
Lien, is, m. <i>the Milt</i>	5
Ligur, ūris, c. 2. <i>one of Liguria</i>	19
Limax, ācis, d. g. <i>a Snail</i>	14
Linter, tris, d. g. <i>a Cock-boat</i>	8
Lixa, æ, m. <i>a Scullion</i>	5
Locuples, ētis, c. 2. <i>VVealrby</i>	21
Logos, gi, m. <i>a VVord</i>	6
Londinum, ni, n. <i>London.</i>	3
Lybs, bis, m. <i>the VVeſt-South-VVeſt VVind</i>	1
Lynx, cis, d. g. <i>a ſpotted Beaſt.</i>	14

M

M Alum, li, n. <i>an Apple.</i>	2
Magnes, ētis, m. <i>a Loadſtone.</i>	12
Manus, us, f. <i>a Hand.</i>	7
Margo, inis, d. g. <i>a Margin.</i>	18
Mare, is, n. <i>the Sea.</i>	7

Marrator

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Marmor, ōris, n. <i>Marble</i>	18
Mars, tis, n. <i>the feigned God of VVar</i>	1
Martyr, yris, c. 2. <i>a Martyr</i>	19
Mas, maris, m. <i>a Male</i>	11
Mater, tris, m. <i>a Mother</i>	6
Mel, mellis, n. <i>Honey</i>	23
Mensis, is, m. <i>a Month</i>	5
Meridies, ei, m. <i>Noon</i>	12
Miles, itis, c. 2. <i>a Soldier</i>	19
Mons, tis, m. <i>a Mountain</i>	11
Mos, moris, m. <i>a Manner</i>	11
Mulier, ieris, f. <i>a VWoman</i>	13
Mus, muris, m. <i>a Mouse</i>	11

N

N atalis, is, m. <i>a Birth-Day</i>	5
Natrix, icis, d. g. <i>a VWater-snake.</i>	19
Nefrens, tis, or is, m. <i>a Shot or Pig</i>	12
Nemo, Gen. caret, Dat. nemini, Acc. em, Voc. caret, Abl. nemine, Plur caret.	16
Notus, ti, m. <i>the South-wind</i>	1
Nubes, is, f. <i>a Cloud</i>	4
Nurus, ri, f. <i>a Daughter in Law</i>	6
Nycticorax, ācis, m. <i>a Night Raven</i>	13

O

O ber, icis, d. g. <i>a Door-bolt</i>	18
Obles, idis, <i>a Hostage or pledge in War</i>	19
Occiput, itis, n. <i>the hinder part of the Head</i>	17
October, bris, m. <i>the Month of October</i>	1
Oleaster, stri, m. <i>a wild Olive-Tree</i>	3
Omen, inis, n. <i>Luck</i>	17
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Onyx, ycis, d. g. <i>an Onyx-stone</i>	19
Opifex, ĩcis, c. 2. <i>a Workman</i>	20
Opus, opuntis, <i>the City Opus</i>	12
Orbis, is, m. <i>a round Thing</i>	5
Oriens, entis, m. <i>the East</i>	12
Orontes, is, m. <i>the River Orontes</i>	1
Ostrea, æ, f. <i>an Oyster</i>	3
Os, offis, m. <i>a Bone</i>	13
Os, oris, n. <i>a Mouth</i>	13
Ovum, vi, n. <i>an Egg</i>	7

P

P aluster, m. Palustris, f. Palustre, n. vel Palustris, c. 2. ĩtre, n. <i>Fenny</i>	21
Pampinus, ni, d. g. <i>a Vine leaf</i>	8
Panis, is, m. <i>Bread</i>	6
Papaver, ĕris, n. <i>Poppy</i>	18
Papyrus, ri, f. <i>Paper</i>	7
Paradisus, si, d. g. <i>Paradise</i>	8
Parens, entis, c. 2. <i>a Parent.</i>	15
Passer, ĕris, m. <i>a Sparrow</i>	3
Patrúelis, is, c. 2. <i>a Brothers Child</i>	9
Pauper, ĕris, c. 2. <i>a poor Man</i>	20
Pecus, ũdis, f. <i>small Cattle</i>	16
Pecus, ōris, n. <i>great Cattle</i>	18
Pecten, ĩnis, <i>a Comb</i>	17
Pedes, ĩtis, c. 2. <i>a Footman</i>	19
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17	Penus, i, vel us, d. g. <i>all manner of Victuals</i>	6
19	Perduellis, is, c. 2. <i>a Traitor</i>	8
20	Perdix, icis, d. g. <i>a Partridge</i>	9
12	Persis, Idis, f. <i>the Country Persia</i>	14
5	Pes, pedis, m. <i>a Foot</i>	2
12	Pharus, ri, d. g. <i>a Watch-Tower</i>	11
1	Phaselus, li, d. g. <i>a Barge</i>	8
3	Philotis, Idis, f. <i>a Womans Name</i>	8
13	Phoenix, icis, f. <i>a Phoenix</i>	2
13	Phryx, gis, m. <i>a Phrygian</i>	13
7	Pietas, atis, f. <i>Godliness</i>	11
	Piper, eris, n. <i>Pepper</i>	10
	Piscis, is, m. <i>a Fish</i>	18
	Pons, tis, m. <i>a Bridge</i>	6
	Porticus, us, m. <i>a Gallery</i>	11
	Postis, is, m. <i>a Post</i>	6
14	Puber, eris, d. g. <i>of ripe age</i>	6
21	Pugil, ilis, c. 2. <i>a Champion</i>	20
8	Pulvis, eris, d. g. <i>Dust</i>	19
6	Pumex, icis, d. g. <i>a Pumice-stone</i>	18
18	Pus, puris, n. <i>Filth or Matter</i>	18
7	Præs, prædis, m. <i>a Surety</i>	14
8	Præses, idis, c. 2. <i>a President</i>	11
15	Præsul, ūlis, c. 2. <i>a Prelate</i>	19
3	Prænestē, is, n. <i>a Town in Italy now called Palestrina</i>	19
9	Princeps, cīpis, c. 2. <i>a Prince</i>	2
20	Problema, atis, n. <i>a hard Question</i>	23
16	Python, ōnis, d. g. <i>One possessed with a Propheying</i>	17
18	<i>Spirit</i>	14

R Rabula

R

R Abula, æ, m. <i>a Brawler</i>	5
Ramex, ěcis, d. g. <i>Burstennes</i>	18
Restis, is, m. <i>a Rope</i>	8
Rete, is, n. <i>a Net</i>	7
Ren, renis, m. <i>a Kidney</i>	12
Rex, regis, m. <i>a King</i>	10
Robur, ōris, m. <i>an Oak</i>	3
Ros, roris, m. <i>the Dew</i>	11
Rudens, tis, d. g. <i>a Cable</i>	14
Rus, ruris, n. <i>the Country</i>	11

S

S Acer, cra, crum, <i>Holy</i>	20
Sacerdos, ōtis, c. 2. <i>a Priest or N.m</i>	15
Sal. falis, m. <i>Salt</i>	10
Saluber, m. Salubris, f. Salubre, n. vel Salubris, c. 2.	
Salubre, n. <i>Wholsome</i>	21
Samnis, itis, m. <i>a Samnite</i>	13
Sanguis, inis, m. <i>Blood</i>	15
Sapphyrus, ri, f. <i>a Sapphire-stone</i>	7
Satrapa, æ, m. } <i>a Peer or Nobleman</i>	5
Satrapas, æ, m. }	
Scriba, æ, m. <i>a Scribe</i>	4
Scrobs, ōbis, d. g. <i>a Ditch</i>	14
Scurra, ræ, m. <i>a Scoffer</i>	4
Seges, ětis, <i>Standing Corn</i>	16
Semis, issis, m. <i>half a pound</i>	12
Senex, is, c. 2. <i>an old Man or Woman</i>	9
Senio, ōnis, m. <i>the Size-point</i>	11
Sentis, tis, m. <i>a Thorn.</i>	9
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Sept, pis, m. <i>a Serpent</i>	15
Ser, seris, m. <i>one of Seres</i>	10
Sermo, onis, m. <i>a Speech</i>	12
Serpens, tis, d. g. <i>a Serpent</i>	14
Siler, ĕris, n. <i>an Osier</i>	3
Silex, Icīs, d. g. <i>a Flint stone</i>	19
Sifer, ĕris, m. <i>a Parsnip</i>	18
Socrus, cri, f. <i>a Mother in Law</i>	6
Sodalis, is, c. 2. <i>a Companion</i>	9
Sol, solis, m. <i>the Sun</i>	10
Soror, ōris, f. <i>a Sister</i>	13
Sospes, itis, c. 2. <i>Safe</i>	21
Specus, ci, & cūs, d. g. <i>a Den</i>	8
Spinus, nī, m. <i>a Slo-tree</i>	3
Splen, ĕnis, m. <i>the Spleen</i>	10
Stirps, pis, d. g. <i>a stump or stock of a Tree</i>	11
Suber, ĕris, n. <i>a Cork</i>	18
Sulmo, ōnis, m. <i>a Town in Italy now called Surmonia</i> <i>or Sermona</i>	2
Supellex, lectilis, f. Pl. supellectilia, n. <i>Householdstuff</i>	17
Superstes, stitis, c. 2. <i>one that overliveth</i>	21
Sus, suis, c. 2. <i>a Swine</i>	15
Syndon, donis, f. <i>fine Linnen</i>	16
Synodus, di, f. <i>an Assembly</i>	7
Sylvester, m. stris, f. stre, n. <i>vel Sylvestris, c. 2. stre,</i> <i>n. belonging to a Wood</i>	21
Syren, ĕnis, f. <i>a Mermaid</i>	21

T

TAlpa, æ, d. g. <i>a Mole</i>	8
Tapes, ĕtis, m. <i>Tapistry</i>	12
Teges, ĕtis, f. <i>a Mat</i>	16
Ternio, onis, <i>a Trey point</i>	12
Testis, is, c. 2. <i>a witness</i>	9

Thorax,

Thorax , ācis, m. <i>a Doublet</i>	12
Thrax , thracis, m. <i>a Thracian</i>	11
Thus , thuris, n. <i>Frankincense</i>	14
Tibur , ūris, n. <i>a Town in Italy now called Tivoli</i>	2
Torquis , is, d. g. <i>a Necklace</i>	8
Torrents , tis, m. <i>a Brook</i>	12
Torris , is, m. <i>a Firebrand</i>	6
Tribus , us, f. <i>a Stock or Kindred</i>	6
Tros , trois, m. <i>a Trojan</i>	11
Tuber , eris, n. <i>a Toad-stool</i>	18
Tybris , is, m. <i>the River Tibur</i>	1
Tygris , Idis, f. <i>a Tyger</i>	3

V

V Annus, ni, f. <i>a Van to winnow Corn with</i>	7
Vas , valis, n. <i>a Vessel</i>	13
Vas , vadis, m. <i>a Surety</i>	10
Vates , tis, c. 2. <i>a Prophet</i>	9
Uber , ĕris, n. <i>a Dug or Udder</i>	18
Uber , eris, c. 2. <i>Plentiful</i>	20
Vectis , is, m. <i>a Bar</i>	6
Venter , tris, m. <i>the Belly</i>	6
Venus , ĕris, f. <i>the Feigned Goddess of Beauty</i>	1
Ver , veris, n. <i>the Spring</i>	13
Verber , ĕris, n. <i>a Stroak</i>	17
Vermis , is, m. <i>a VVorm</i>	6
Verna , næ, c. 2. <i>a Slave</i>	9
Verres , ris, m. <i>a Boar-Peg</i>	5
Vervex , ĕcis, m. <i>a Belweather</i>	13
Vigil , ilis, c. 2. <i>a VVatchman</i>	19
Vindex , ĩcis, c. 2. <i>a Revenger</i>	10
Vir , viri, m. <i>a Man</i>	18
Virgilius , lii, m. <i>Virgil, a famous Poet</i>	1
Virgo , ĩnis, f. <i>a Maid</i>	16

Virtus,

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Virtus, tutis, f. <i>Virtue</i>	10
Virus, ri. Acc. m. <i>Poxon</i> , plur. caret	8
Unguis, is, m. a <i>Mans Nail</i>	6
Volucer, m. cris, f. cre, n. vel volucris, c. 2. cre, n.	
<i>Swift</i>	21
Vulgus, gi, m. & n. the <i>Common People</i>	8
Vulpis, is, f. a <i>Fox</i>	3
Uxor, oris, f. a <i>Wife</i>	13

Qua

Quæ Genus Explained.

These Nouns are called Heteroclites

Which either $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 1. \text{Change their Gender or Declension.} \\ 2. \text{Want some Case or Number.} \\ 3. \text{Have overmuch in Declining.} \end{array} \right.$

I. Nouns that do change their Gender and Declension.

1. *These Nouns are of the Feminine Gender in the singular Number, and of the Neuter in the Plural, viz.*

Pergamus, mi, f. <i>the City</i>	Pluraliter	Pergama, orum, n.
Pergamus.		
Supellex, lectilis, f. <i>house-hold-stuff.</i>		Supellectilia, ium, n.

2. *These Nouns are of the Neuter Gender in the singular Number, and of the Masculine and Neuter in the Plural, (viz.)*

Rastrum, tri, a <i>Rake.</i>	Pluraliter	Rastri & rastra,	} orum.
Frænum, ni, a <i>Bridle.</i>		Fræni & Fræna,	
Filum, li, <i>Thread.</i>		Fili & fila,	
Capistrum, stri, an <i>headstall</i>		Capistri & capistra,	

3. *These*

3. These Nouns are of the Neuter Gender in the Singular Number, and of the Masculine only in the Plural, viz.
Cœlum, li, Heaven.

Argus, gi, the City Argos, { Pluraliter } Cœli, orum.
Argi, orum.

4. These Nouns are of the Neuter Gender in the Singular Number, and of the Feminine in the Plural, viz.

Nundinum, ni, { Pluraliter } Nundinæ, arum, a Fair.
Epulum, li. { Epulæ, arum, a Banquet.
† Balneum, ei, { Balnæ, arum, Baths.

† Though Juvenal hath Balnea, orum, in the Pl. Numb.

5. These Nouns are of the Masculine Gender in the Singular Number, and of the Neuter in the Plural.

† Mænalus, li, the hill Mænalus	} Pluraliter {	(Mænala)	} orum.
Dindimus, mi, the hill Dindymus		(Dindyma)	
Ismarus, ri, the hill Ismarus		(Ismara)	
Tartarus, ri, Hell.		(Tartara)	
Taygetus, ti, the hill Taygetus		(Taygeta)	
Tænarus, ri, the cape Tænarus		(Tænara)	
Matficus, ci, the hill Matficus		(Matfica)	
Gargarus, ri, the top of Ida		(Gargara)	

† These are the Names of Places.

6. These Nouns are of the Masculine Gender in the Singular Number, and of the Masculine and Neuter in the Plural.

Sibilus, li, hissing,	} Pluraliter {	Sibili, & la,	} orum.
Jocus, ci, a Jest.		Joci & joca,	
Locus, ci, a Place,		Locci & locci,	
Avernus, ni, a Lake.		Averni & a,	
		E	i. Of

2. Of Nouns that want either Case or Number.

1. These Nouns are called Aptots which change no Case;

as,

Fas Nil, Nihil, Instar,	} Gen.	Fas, Right.	} Nothing.
		Nil,	
		Nihil,	
		Instar, Like.	

2. Which end in

} u, as	} Cornu, a Horn.
} i, as	} Gummi, Gum.

These also are Aptots, viz.

Plu. { Hæc Tempe pleasant Woods and Meadows in
 { Hi, hæ, } Tot, so many. (Thessaly,
 { & hæc, } Quot, how many.

4. All Nouns of number from three to a Hundred are called Aptots, as,

Plu. Hi, hæ, hæc	} Quatuor, four.	
		Decem, ten.
		Quadraginta, forty.

2. These Nouns are called Monoptots, which have but one Case only; as,

Abl. hoc	Noctu, by Night.
	Natu, by Birth.
	Jussu, by bidding.
	Injussu, without bidding.
	Astu, by craft. Pl. Acc. Astus.
	Promptu, by speed.
	Permissu, by sufferance.

Acc-

Acc. Has Inficias, a Denial.

3. These Nouns are called Diptots, which have only two Cases; as,

Nom.	Fors,	{	Chance, 3. d. f. g.
Abl.	Fortē,	{	
Gen.	Spontis,	{	of his own accord, 3. d. f.
Abl.	Sponte,	{	
Nom.	Plus,	{	more, 3. d. c. 3.
Gen.	Pluris,	{	
Gen.	Repetundarum,	{	Bribery, f.
Abl.	Repetundis,	{	
Gen.	Jugēris,	{	An Acre, n.
Abl.	Jugere,	{	
Gen.	* Verberis,	{	* Verber
Abl.	Verbere,	{	a stripe, n. is read.
Nom.	Suppetiæ,	{	aid, f.
Abl.	Suppetiis,	{	
Nom.	Tantundem,	{	so much, n.
Gen.	Tantidem,	{	
Gen.	Impetis,	{	Violence, m.
Abl.	Impete,	{	
Acc.	Vicem,	{	a course or turn.
Abl.	Vice,	{	

Whereof only these four, Verberis, Vicem, Plus, and Jugeris, have the whole Plural Number.

4. These Nouns are called Triptots, which have three Cases only; as,

Gen.	Precis,	{		The Dative
Acc.	Precem,	{	Prayer, f.	Case Preci
Abl.	prete,	{		is read in
Gen.	Opis,	{		Terence.
Acc.	Opem,	{	Help, f.	
Abl.	Ope,	{		

5. *These two Nouns, Frugis, f. Corn:
and † Ditionis, f. of a Title:
seem to want the Nominative Case.
† yet Fruges and Ditio are in use.*

6. *This Noun Vis, f. Force, wants only the Dative Case Singular.*

7. *These kind of Nouns want the Vocative Case.*

1. *Relatives, as,*

Qui, m. quæ, f. quod, n. which.

2. *Interrogatives, as,*

Ecquis, m. ecquæ, or ecqua, f. ecquid, n. who.

3. *Distributives, as,*

Nullus, a, um, None.

Neuter, trā, trum, Neither.

Omnis, ne, All.

4. *Indefinites, as,*

Quilibet, quælibet, quodlibet, any one.

Alter, tera, terum, another.

5. *All Pronouns, except these four,*

Noster, tra, trum, Our.

Nostras, c. 3. Of our Country.

Meus, mea, meum, Mine.

Tu, thou.

8. *First. all Proper Names that do signifie one thing,
do want the Plural Number, as,*

Mars, tis, m. the God Mars.

Cato, ōnis, m. the Man Cato.

Gallia, æ, f. France.

Roma, æ, f. Rome.

Ida, æ, f. the Hill Ida.

Tagus, gi, m. the River Taio in Spain.

Lælaps, pis, m. the Dog Tempest.

Parnassus, si, m. the Hill Parnassus.

Bucephalus, li, m. the Horse Bucephalus.

2. *These*

2. *These kind of Common Names want also the Plural Number.*

1. *Of things given by Weight, as,*
Piper, *ëris*, n. *Pepper.*
Saccharum, *ri*, n. *Sugar.*
2. *Of Herbs, as,*
Absynthium, *thii*, n. *Wormwood.*
Salvia, *æ*, f. *Sage.*
3. *Of moist things, as,*
Zythum, *thi*, n. *Ale.*
Cervisia, *æ*, f. *Beer.*
4. *Of Metals, as,*
Aurum, *ri*, n. *Gold.*
Argentum, *ti*, n. *Silver.*

9. *These Nouns of the Neuter Gender have only the Nominative, the Accusative, and Vocative Case in the Plural Number, viz.*

- Hordeum, *ei*, n. *Barley.*
Far, *farris*, n. *Bread-Corn.*
Forum, *ri*, n. *the Market.*
Mel, *mellis*, n. *Honey.*
Mullum, *fi*, n. *Wine.*
Defrutum, *ti*, n. *Wine sodden to the half.*
Thus, *thuris*, n. *Frankincense.*

10. *These Nouns of the Masculine Gender want the Plural Number.*

- Hesperus, *ri*, *the Evening Star.*
Vesper, *ris*, *the Evening.*
Pontus, *ti*, *the Sea.*
Limus, *mi*, *Mud.*

Fimus, mi, Dung.

* Nemo wants Pemus, ni & nûs, d. g. provision of Vi-
 the Gen. and Vo- Sanguis, Inis, Blood. (Anale.
 cat. Cases, and Æther, ëris, the Skie.
 Plur. Number. * Nemo, Dat. nemini, e. 2. No body.

11. These Nouns of the Feminine Gender do want the Plural Number.

Pubes, is, Ripe Age.

Salus, ūtis, Health.

Talio, ōnis, like for like.

Indoles, is, Towardness.

Tussis, is, Acc. Tussim, the Cough.

Pix, picis, Pitch.

Humus, mi, the Ground.

Lues, is, the Murrain.

Sitis, is, Thirst.

Fuga, æ, Flight.

Quies, ëtis, Rest.

Cholera, æ, Choler.

Fames, is, Hunger.

Bilis, is, Choler.

Senecta, æ, Old age.

Juventus, ūtis, Youth.

Soboles, is, an Off-Spring.

Labes, is, a Spot.

12. All Nouns of the Fifth Declension will have only three like Cases in the Plural Number, i. e. the Nominative, Accusative, and Vocative, except,

Res, rei, a thing.

Species, ei, a kind.

Facies, ei, a Face.

Acies, ei, an Edge.

Dies, ei, a Day.

Which Nouns have the whole Plural Number.

13. There are also many other Feminines which want the Plural Number, as these,

Sultitia, æ, Folly.

Invidia, æ, Envy.

Sapientia, æ, Wisdom.

Desidia, æ, Sloth.

And many other which you shall find in reading Authors.

14. These Nouns of the Neuter Gender want the Plural Number, viz.

Delicium Delicium, cii, a thing wherein we delight.
makes de- Senium, ii, Old age.

licia in the Lethum, thi, Death.

Plural Coenum, ni, Dirt.

Number. Salum, li, the Sea.

Barathrum, thri, Hell.

Virus, invariab. Poison.

Vitrum, tri, Glass.

Viscum, sci, Birdlime.

Penum, ni, Provision of Victuals.

Justitium, tii, the Vacation.

Nihilum, li, Nothing.

Ver, veris, the Spring.

Lac, lactis, Milk.

Haleces is Gluten, inis, Glue.

read of the Halec, ecis, a Herring.

Fem. Gen. Gelu, Frost.

in the Plu. Solium, lii, a Throne.

Number. Jubar, aris, the Sun-beam.

And if you find any such as these as you read, you may put them in this Rule.

15. These Nouns of the Masculine Gender want the Singular Number, viz.

Manes, ium, Spirits.

Majores, ōrum, Ancestors.

Cancelli, ōrum, Lattices.

Liberi, ōrum, Children.

Antes, tium, the first ranks of Vines.

Menses, ſium, Womens flowers.

Lemures, rum, Hobgoblins.

Fasta, ōrum, Registers.

Minores, ōrum, Posterity.

Natales, ium, the degree of Blood.

Penates, tum, Household-Gods.

Gabii, ōrum, { People of Italy.

Locri, ōrum, {

And many more besides.

16. These Nouns of the Feminine Gender want the Singular Number, viz.

Exuvix, ærum, an Adders skin.

Phaleræ, ōrum, Horse-Trappings.

† Grates, Thanks.

† Nom. Acc.
Voc. only.

Manubiæ, ærum, Spoils.

Idus, ium, the Ides of a Month.

Antix, ærum, Forelocks.

Induciæ, ærum, Truce.

Inſidiæ, ærum, Wiles.

Minæ, ærum, Threatning.

Excubiæ, ærum, Watch and Ward.

Nonæ, ærum, the Nones of a Month.

Nugæ, ærum, Trifles.

Tricæ, ærum, Threads about Chickens feet.

Calendæ, ærum, the Calends of a Month.

Quisqui-

Quilquilizæ, ārum, Sweepings.
 Thermæ, ārum, Warm Baths.
 Cunæ, ārum, a Cradle.
 Diræ, ārum, Cursing.
 Exequiæ, ārum, Funeral Rites.
 Feriæ, ārum, Holy-days.
 Inferiæ, ārum, Sacrifices for the dead.
 Primitiæ, ārum, first Fruits.
 Plagæ, p̄arum, Hunters Nets.
 Valvæ, ārum, Double Doors.
 Divitiæ, ārum, Riches.
 Nuptiæ, ārum, a Wedding.
 Lactes, ctium, the Small-Guts.
 Thebæ, ārum, } the City { Thebes.
 Athenæ, ārum, } Athens.
 And many more names of Places.

17. *These Nouns of the Neuter Gender want the Singular Number, viz.*

Moenia, ōrum, Walls of a City.
 Tesqua, ōrum, Craggy places.
 Præcordia, ōrum, the Midriff.
 Lustra, ōrum, Dens.
 Arma, ōrum, Weapons.
 Mapalia, ōrum, Sheds.
 Bellaria, ōrum, Funcates.
 Munia, ōrum, Offices.
 Castra, ōrum, Tents.
 Iusta, ōrum, Sacrifices for the dead.
 Sponsalia, ōrum, a Contract before Marriage.
 Rostra, ōrum, a Pulpit.
 Crepundia, ōrum, a Rattle.
 Cunabula, ōrum, a Cradle.
 Extæ, ōrum, Entrails.

Effata, ōrum, *muttering Prayers.*

Bacchanalia, ium, & orum, *Bacchus feast.*

Of Nouns which have over-much.

1. These Nouns have divers Genders, and Terminations, viz.

Tonitrus, ūs,	m.	} Thunder.
Tonitru, indecl.	n.	
Clypeus, ei,	m.	} a Buckler.
Clypeum, ei,	n.	
Baculus, li,	m.	} a Staff.
Baculum, li,	n.	
Sensus, ūs,	m.	} a Sence.
Sensum, fi,	n.	
Tignus, ni,	m.	} a Rafter.
Tignum, ni,	n.	
Tapētum, ti,	n.	} Tapestry.
Tapēte, tis,	n.	
Tapes, ētis,	m.	} a Point.
Punctus, cti,	m.	
Punctum, cti,	n.	} Mustard.
Sināpi, indecl.	n.	
Sinapis, is,	f.	} a Milk-pail.
Sinus, ūs,	m.	
Sinum, ni,	n.	} a Fault.
Menda, æ,	f.	
Mendum, di,	n.	} Birdlime.
Viscus, ci,	m.	
Viscum, ci,	n.	} a Horn.
Cornu, indecl.	n.	
Cornum, ni,	n.	} the Wing of an Army.
Cornus, ūs,	m.	

Eventus,

Eventus, ūs, m. } an event or chance.
Eventum, ti, n. }

And many such as these you shall find as you read
Authors.

2. There are some Greek words which make a new Latine
word in their Accusative, as of

Panther, ēris, m. a Panther.	} cometh	Panthēra,	} æ
Crater, ēris, m. a Cup.		Cratēra,	
Cassis, idis, f. an Helmet		Cassida,	
Æther, ēris, m. the Skie.		Æthēra,	

These Nouns do change their Nominative Case, but still
keep the same Gender and Signification, viz.

Gibbus, bi, m.	} a bunch.
Gibber, ēris, m.	} a swelling in the Back.
Cucumis, is, m.	} a Cucumber.
Cucumer, ēris, m.	
Stipes, is, f.	} Hirelings Wages.
Stips, pis, f.	
Cinis, ēris, d. g.	} Ashes.
Ciner, ēris, d. g.	
Vomer, ēris, m.	} a Plough-share.
Vomis, ēris, m.	
Scobis, bis, f.	} Saw-dust.
Scobs, bis, f.	
Pulvis, ēris, d. g.	} Dust.
Pulver, ēris, d. g.	
Pubes, is, f.	} Ripeness of Age.
Puber, ēris, d. g.	

To which you may add words that have both or and os in the Nominative Case; as,

Honor, ōris, m.	}	Honour.
Honos, ōris, m.		
Labor, ōris, m.	}	Labour.
Labos, ōris, m.		
Odor, ōris, m.	}	a Scent.
Odos, ōris, m.		

Also add to these,

Apes, is, f.	}	a Bee.
Apis, is, f.		
Plebs, is, f.	}	Common People.
Plebes, ei, f.		

There are also many Nouns borrowed from the Greeks, which admit of a double manner of declining; as,

Delphin, inis, m.	}	a Dolphin.
Delphinus, ni, m.		
Elephas, antis, m.	}	an Elephant.
Elephantus, ti, m.		
Congrus, gri, m.	}	a Conger, or Sea-Eel.
Conger, gri, m.		
Meleagrus, gri,	}	These are names of Men.
Meleager, gri, m.		
Teucrus, cri, m.		
Teucer, cri, m.	}	

And if you find any such, you may put them into this Rule.

4. These Nouns are of the second and fourth Declension, viz.

Laurus, ri, & rūs, f. a Bay-tree.

Quercus, ci, & cūs, f. an Oak.

Pinus

Englisched and Explained

Pinus, ni, & nûs, f. a *Pine-tree*.

Ficus, ci, & cûs, f. *a Fig-tree.*

Colus, li, & lûs, f. a *Distaff*.

Penus, ni, & nûs, d. g. *Victuals.*

Cornus, ni, & nûs, f. a Dog-tree.

Lacus, ci, & cûs, m. a Lake.

† Domus, mi, & mûs, f. *a House.*

† Domus

hath not

me, mu in

the Sing.

nor ml.

mis in the

P. Numb.

Though they be not found so in all Cases, you may meet with many such as these.

5. There are also many Adjectives which have too much, but especially those which are derived of these Substantives, viz.

Arma, orum, Weapons.

Jugum, gi, *the top of an Hill.*

Nervus, vi, a Sinew.

Somnus, ni, *Sleep.*

Clivus, vi, a steep Bank.

Animus, mi, *the Mind.*

Limus, mi, Mud.

Cera, æ. *Wax.*

Frænum, ni, *a Bridle.*

Bacillum, li, *a little staff.*

Which are either of three Terminations, or three Articles, as of

Arma, cometh { Inermis, a, um, }
 { and } unweaponed.
 { Inermis, me, }

This Word Hilarus, Merry, is very seldom read; but
Hilaris is very common.

Heteroclitus

A Synopsis of Quæ Genus.

Hæroclites are either

1. Variant
1. *Feminines* in the singular and *Neuters* in the plural, at *Hæc genus*, &c.
 2. *Neuters* in the singular, and } *Masculines* and *Neuters* in the plural at *Dit prior*, &c.
Only *Masculines* in pl. at *Sed audi*.
Feminines in the pl. at *Nundinum*. &c.
 3. *Masculines* in the singular, and } *Neuters* in the pl. at *Hæc maribus*.
Both *Masculine* and *Neuter* in the plural, at *Numerus Genus*, &c.

2. Deficient, which want their
1. Case
 2. Number, and that either
1. *Aptots*, at *Quæ nullum*, &c.
 2. *Monoptots*, at *Estque Monoptoton*, &c.
 3. *Diptots*, at *Sunt Diptota*, &c.
 4. *Triptots*, at *Tres quibus*, &c.
 5. Which want on } *Nom & Voc.* at *At tantum*, &c.
Uly the } *Dat.* at *Integra vox*, &c.
 } *Voc.* at *Quæ referunt*.
1. Plural
 2. Sing.
1. Proper names, at *Propria cuncta*, &c.
 - Common } *Grain, Things deliver'd*
names of } *by weight, Herbs, moist*
 } *things, at His frumenta,*
 } *&c.*
 - Masculines*, at *Hesperus*, &c.
 - Feminines*, at *Singula faminei*, &c.
 - Neuters*, at *Nec licet his*, &c.
 - Masculines*, at *Mascula sunt*, &c.
 - Feminines*, at *Hæc sunt faminei*, &c.
 - Neuters*, at *Rarius hæc*, &c.

3. Redundant, which have
1. Divers genders & declensions, at *Hæc quasi*, &c.
 2. Which make a new word of the Accusative Case, at *Sed tibi*, &c.
 3. Two Nominative Cases, at *Vertitur his*, &c.
 4. Two Declensions, at *Hæc simul*, &c.
 5. Adjectives of three Terminations, and three Articles, at *Et quæ luxuriant*, &c.

I N D E X

Of all the Heteroclite Nouns in

QUÆ GENUS,

With Figures directing to the Page,
where to find their Rules.

A

A Bsinthium, ii, pl. caret, <i>Wormwood</i>	43
Acies, ei, pl. acies, erum, f. <i>an edge</i>	44
Æther, eris, m. pl. caret. <i>the Skie</i>	44, 49
Æthera, ræ, f. pl. caret. <i>the Skie</i>	49
Alter, altera, alterum, Voc. caret. <i>Another</i>	42
Antes, tium, pl. m. <i>the utermost ranges of Vines</i>	46
Antia, arum, pl. <i>Forelocks</i>	ib.
Apes, apis, f. <i>a Bee</i>	50
Apis, apis, f. <i>a Bee</i>	ib.
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Argentum, ti, n. pl. caret. <i>Silver</i>	43
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Astu, Abl. n. pl. astus, Acc. <i>Craft</i>	40
Athenæ, arum, pl. <i>the City Athens</i>	47
Avernus, ni, m. pl. ni, orum, m. & averna, orum, n. <i>the Lake in Italy, now called Lago de Tripergola</i>	39
Aurum, ri, n. pl. caret. <i>Gold</i>	42
Baccha-	

B

B acchanalia, ium & orum, n. pl. <i>Bacchus Feasts</i>	48
Bacillum, li, n. <i>a little Staff</i>	51
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C

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Clypeum, ei, n. <i>a Buckler.</i>	48
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Cornu, n. indecl. <i>a Horn</i> , pl. cornua, um, lbus, ua, lbus	40
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Cornus, ūs, m. <i>a Wing of an Army</i>	lb.
Cornus, nī, & nūs, f. <i>a Dog tree</i>	51
Crater, eris, m. <i>a Cup</i> , Acc. cratera, & em	49
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D

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Meleager, gri, m, <i>Meleager the King of Calydon's</i>	
Meleagrus, gri, m. <i>Son</i>	50
Menses, fium, m. pl. <i>Womens Flowers</i>	46
Menda, æ, f. <i>a Fault</i>	48
Mendum, i, n. <i>a Fault</i>	ib.
Meus, a, um, <i>Mine</i>	42
Minæ, arum, f. pl. <i>Threatnings</i>	46
Minores, m. pl. <i>Posterity</i>	ib.
Mœnia, ium, n. pl. <i>the Walls of a Town</i>	47
Mulsum, si, n. <i>Metheglin</i> , pl. Nom. Acc. Voc. mulsa	43
Munia, orum, n. pl. <i>an Office</i> .	47

N

N Atales, ium, m. pl. <i>Ones Stock or Kindred</i>	46
Natu, Abl. Sing. <i>by Birth</i>	40
Nemo, Gen. caret, Dat. nemini, Acc. em, Voc. caret,	
Abl. ine, c. 2. pl. carer, <i>No body</i>	44
Neuter, tra, trum, Gen. neutrius, <i>Neither</i>	42
Nervus, vi, m. <i>a Sinew</i>	51
Nihilum, li, n. pl. caret, <i>Nothing</i>	45
Nihil, n. indecl. <i>Nothing</i>	40
Nil, m. indecl. <i>Nothing</i>	ib.
Noctu, Abl. Sing. n. <i>by Night</i>	ib.
Nonæ, arum, f. pl. <i>the Nones of a Month</i>	46
Nostras, c. 2. & ate, n. Gen. atis, <i>of our Country</i>	42
Noster, stra, strum, <i>Ours</i>	ib.
Nugæ, arum, f. <i>Trifles</i>	46
Nullus, a, um, Gen. nullius, <i>None</i>	42
Nundinum, ni, n. pl. nundinæ, f. <i>a Fair</i>	39
Nuptiæ, arum, f. <i>Marriage</i>	47

O

O Dor, oris, m. <i>a Scent or Savour</i>	50
Odos, oris, m. <i>a Scent or Savour</i>	ib.
Omnis, c. 2. & omne, n. <i>All</i>	42
Opis, Gen. f. Acc. opem, Abl. ope, <i>Help</i>	41

F 3

Panther,

P.

P anther, ēris, m. <i>a Panther.</i>	49
Panthera, æ, f. <i>a Panther.</i>	ib.
Parnassus, si, m. pl. caret, <i>a Hill in Achaia, now called Parnasso</i>	51
Penates, um, m. pl. <i>Household-gods</i>	46
Penus, ni, & us, d. g. <i>all manner of Victuals</i> , pl. caret	44
Penum, ni, n. pl. caret, <i>all manner of Victuals</i>	45
Pergamus, mi, f. pl. Pergama, orum, n. <i>a Town near Troy, now called Pergamo</i>	38
Permissu, Abl. Sing. <i>by sufferance</i>	40
Phaleræ, arum, f. pl. <i>Horse-trappings</i>	46
Pinus, ni, & us, f. <i>a Pine-tree</i>	51
Piper, ēris, n. pl. caret, <i>Pepper</i>	43
Pix, picis, f. pl. caret, <i>Pitch</i>	44
Plagæ, arum, f. <i>Hunting-nets</i>	47
Plebs, bis, f. <i>the common people</i>	50
Plebes, ei, f. <i>the common people</i>	ib.
Plus, pluris, n. pl. plures, c. 2. plura. & pluria, <i>more</i>	41
Pontus, ti, m. <i>the Sea</i>	43
Precis, Gen. precem, Acc. prece, Abl. f. <i>Prayer</i>	41
Præcordia, orum, n. pl. <i>the Midriff</i>	47
Primitiæ, arum, f. <i>First-fruits, &c.</i>	ib.
Promptu, Abl. m. <i>Readiness</i>	40
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Pubes, is, f. <i>Ripeness of age</i> , pl. caret	44, 49
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Stipes, }		
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X

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As

As in Prasenti Explained.

1. Rules to know the Preterperfect Tense of Simple Verbs of the First Conjugation

1. If a Verb end in *as*, in the second Person of the Present Tense, the Preterperfect Tense shall end in *avi*; *as*,

No, *nas*, *navi*, to swim.

Vocito, *tas*, *tavi*, to call often.

1. Except these Verbs, viz.

* Some of Pres. Tense, Pret. Tense, Supine.

these Verbs	* Lavo, <i>as</i> , <i>lavi</i> ,	lotum, to wash.
sometimes	Juvo, <i>as</i> , <i>juvi</i> ,	jutum, to help.
have a Pre-	Nexo, <i>as</i> , <i>nexui</i> ,	nexum, to knit.
terperfect	Seco, <i>as</i> , <i>secui</i> ,	sectum, to cut.
Tense, <i>avi</i> .	Neco, <i>as</i> , <i>necui</i> ,	nectum, to kill.
	Mico, <i>as</i> , <i>micui</i> ,	caret, to shine.
	Plico, <i>as</i> , <i>plicui</i> ,	plicitum, to fold.
	Frico, <i>as</i> , <i>fricui</i> ,	frictum, to rub.
	Domo, <i>as</i> , <i>domui</i> ,	domitum, to tame.
	Tono, <i>as</i> , <i>tonui</i> ,	tonitum, to thunder.
	Sono, <i>as</i> , <i>sonui</i> ,	sonitum, to sound.
	Crepeo, <i>as</i> , <i>crepui</i> ,	crepitum, to crack.
	Veto, <i>as</i> , <i>vetui</i> ,	vetitum, to forbid.
	Cubo, <i>as</i> , <i>cubui</i> ,	cubitum, to lie down.
	Do, <i>das</i> , <i>dedi</i> ,	datum, to give.
	Sto, <i>stas</i> , <i>steti</i> ,	statum, to stand.

2. Verbs

2. Verbs of the Second Conjugation.

1. If a Verb end in *es*, in the Second Person Singular of the Present Tense, it will make the first Person of the Præterperfect Tense to end in *ui*; as,

Nigreo, *es*, nigrui:

1. Except these Verbs, viz.

Jubeo, *es*, jussi jussum, to command.

Sorbeo, *es*, { sorbui, } sorptum, to sup.
 { sorpsi, }

Mulceo, *es*, mulsi, mulsum, to assuage.

Luceo, *es*, luxi, caret, to shine.

Sedeo, *es*, sedi, tessum, to sit.

Video, *es*, vidi, visum, to see.

Prandeo, *es*, prandi, pransum, to dine.

Strideo, *es*, stridi, caret, to creak.

Suadeo, *es*, suasi, suasum, to persuade.

Rideo, *es*, risi, risum, to laugh.

Ardeo, *es*, arsi, arsum, to glow.

2. The first Syllable of the Præterperfect Tense is doubled in these four Verbs, viz.

Pendeo, *es*, pependi, pensum, to hang.

Mordeo, *es*, momordi, morsum, to bite.

Spondeo, *es*, spondi, sponsum, to betroth.

Tondeo, *es*, tondi, tonsum, to clip.

3. If *L* or *R* come before *geo* in the Present Tense, the Præterperfect Tense shall end in *si*; as,

Urgeo, *es*, ursi, ursum, to urge.

Mulgeo, *es*, { mulsi, } mulctum, to milk.
 { mulxi, }

Frigeo

Frigeo, es, frixi, caret, to be cold.

Lugeo, is, luxi, luctum, to lament.

Augeo, es, auxi, auctum, to encrease.

4. *Likewise.*

Fleo, es, flevi, fletum, to weep.

Leo, es, levi, letum, to imprint.

Deleo, es, delevi, deletum, to put off.

Pleo, is, plevi, pletum, to fill.

Neco, es, nevi, netum, to spin.

Manco, es, mansi, mansum, to tarry.

Torqueo, es, torfi, { tortum, } to wrest.
torsum,

Hæreo, es, hæsi, hæsum, to stick.

5. *If a Verb end in Vco, the Preterperfect Tense shall end in Vi, as,*

Ferveo, es, servi, caret, to be hot.

Niveo, es, niyi, nixi, caret, to snow.

Conniveo, es, connivi, & connixi, to wink.

Cleo, es, civi, citum, to trouble.

Vico, es, vicvi, victum, to bind.

3. Of the Preterperfect Tense of Verbs of the Third Conjugation.

The Preterperfect Tense of Verbs of the third Conjugation may be known by the ending of the first Person of the Present Tense; as,

If the Present Tense end in	Bo	Bi, as, Lambo, is, lambi, caret, to lick. Except Scribo, is, scripsi, scriptum, to write. Nubo, is, nupsi, nuptum, to be married. Cumbo, is, cubul, cubitum, to lie down.
	Co	Ci, as, Vinco, is, vici, victum, to overcome. But Parco, is, { peperci, } to spare. { parsi, } Dico, is, dixi, dictum, to speak. Duco, is, duxi, ductum, to lead.
	Do	Di, as, Mando, is, mandi, mansum, to eat. But, Scindo, is, scidi, scissum, to cut. Findo, is, fidi, fissum, to cleave. Fundo, is, fudi, fustum, to pour out. Tundo, is, rutudi, tunsun, to knock. Pendo, is, pependi, pensum, to weigh. Tendo, is, tetendi, tensum, to stretch. Pedo, is, pepedi, peditum, to fart. Cado, is, cecidi, casum, to fall. Cædo, is, cæcidi, cæsum, to beat. Cedo, is, cessi, cessum, to give place. Vado, is, vasi, vasum, to go. Rado, is, rasi, rasum, to shave. Lædo, is, læsi, læsum, to hurt. Ludo, is, lusi, lusum, to play. Divido, is, divisi, divisum, to divide. Trudo, is, trusi, trusum, to thrust.

Claudo,

Claudo, is, clausi, clausum, to shut.

Plaudo, is, plausi, plausum, to clap hands.

Rodo, is, rosi, rosum, to gnaw.

Go

Xi, as, Jungo, is, junxi, junctum, to joyn.

But if there
be r before
go, that
Verb will
make fi

as, Spargo, is, sparsi, sparsum,
to sprinkle.

Yet Lego, is, legi, lectum, to read.

Ago, is, egi, actum, to do.

Tango, is, tetigi, tactum, to touch.

Pungo, is, { punxi, } punctum, to prick.
 { pupugi, }

Frango, is, fregi, fractum, to break.

Pango, is, pepigi, pactum, to make a bargain.

Pango, is, pegi, pactum, to joyn.

Pango, is, panxi, pactum, to sing.

If the Present Tense end in

Ho

Lo

The Preterperfect Tense shall end in

Xi, as, Traho, is, traxi, tractum, to draw.

Veho, is, vexi, vectum, to carry.

Ui, as, Colo, is, colui, cultum, to worship.

But { Psallo, } to sing.
 { and } falli, saltum, }
 { sallo, } to salt.

Vello, is, { velli, }
 { and } vulsum, to pull.
 { vulsi, }

Fallo, is, fefelli, falsum, to deceive.

Cello, is, ceculi, culsum, to break.

Pello, is, pepuli, pulsum, to drive away.

Mo

Ui, as, Vomio, is, vomui, vomitum, to vomit.

Emitto, is, emi, emptum, to buy.

Como, is, compsi, comptum, to comb.

Promo,

Promo, is, prompsi, promptum, to draw.
 Demo, is, dempsi, demptum, to take away.
 Sumo, is, sumpsi, sumptum, to take.
 Premo, is, pressi, pressum, to press.

Vi, as Sino, is, sivi, situm, to suffer.
 Ut Temno, is, tempsi, temptum, to despise.
 Sterno, is, stravi, stratum, to throw down.
 Sperno, is, sprevi, spretum, to despise.

Lino, is, { levi, } lini, litum, to daub.
 Cerno is, crevi, cretum, to see.
 Gigno, is, genui, genitum, to beget.
 Pono, is, posui, positum, to put.
 Cano, is, cecini, cantum, to sing.

Psi, as, Scalpo, is, scalpsi, scalptum, to scratch.
 But Rumpo, is, rupi, ruptum, to break.
 Strepo, is, strepui, strepitum, to crack.
 Crepo, is, crepui, crepitum, to crack.

Qui, as, Linquo, is, liqui, lictum, to leave.
 But Coquo, is, coxi, coctum, to boil.

Vi, as, sero, is, sevi, satum, to plant.
 But Sero, is, serui, sertum, to lay in order.

Verro, is, { verri, } { versi, } versum, to brush.

Gero, is, gessi, gestum, to bear.
 Quæro, is, quæsi, quæsitum, to seek.
 Tero, is, trivi, tritum, to wear.
 Curro, is, cucurri, cursum, to run.
 Uro, is, uffi, ustum, to burn.

Sivi, as, accerso, is, accersivi, accersum, } to go
 Arcesso, is, arcessivi, arcessitum, } to call.
 Incesso,

No

Po

Quo

Ro

So

The Preterperfect Tense shall end in

nda

m,

ck

ais

ay.

q,

If the Present Tense end in

Sco

To

The Preterperfect Tense shall end in

Ero

Vo

Xo

Incesso, is, incessivi, incessitum, } to provoke.
 Lacesso, is, lacessivi, lacessitum, }
 But Capef- } capeffi, capeffum, } to take
 so, is, } capeffivi, capeffitum, } in hand.
 Faceffo, is, faceffi, faceffum, to make.
 Viso, is, visi, visum, to visit.
 Pinso, is, pinsui, pistum, to bake.

Vi, as, Pasco, is, pavi, pastum, to feed.
 Posco, is, poposci, to require. <
 Disco, is, didici, to learn.
 Quinisco, is, quexi, to nod with the head.

Ti, as, Verto, is, verti, versum, to turn.
 Yet Sisto, is, stiti, statum, to make to stand.
 Mitto, is, misi, missum, to send.
 Peto, is { petivi, } petum, to ask.
 or
 petii, }
 Sterto, is, stertui, to snort.
 Meto, is, metui, messum, to mow.

Xi, as, Flecto, is, flexi, flexum, to bend.
 But Pecto, is, { pexi, } pexum, to comb.
 pexui, }
 Necto, is, { nexui, } nexum, to knit.
 nexi, }

Vi, as, Volvo, is, volvi, volutum, to roll over.
 Ut Vivo, is, vixi, victum, to live.

Ui, as, Nexo, is, nexui, nectum, to bind.
 Texo, is, texui, texum, to weave.

Cio,

If the Present Tense end in

Cio

ci, *as*, Facio, is, feci, factum, to do.
 Jacio, is, jeci, jactum, to cast.
But Lacio, is, lexi, lectum, to allure.
 Specio, is, spexi, spectrum, to behold.

Dio

di, *as*, Fodio, is, fodi, fossum, to dig.

Gio

gi, *as*, Fugio, is, fugi, fugitum, to fly.

Pio

pi, *as*, Capió, is, cepi, captum, to take.
But Cupio, is, cupivi, cupitum, to desire.
 Rapio, is, rapui, raptum, to snatch.
 Sapio, is, { sapui, } sapitum,
 { sapivi, } to be wise.

Rio

ri, *as*, Pario, is, peper, partum, to bring forth.

Tio

ffi, *as*, Quatio, is, quassi, quassum, to shake.

Uo

ui, *as*, Statuo, is, statui, statutum, to determine.
But Pluo, is, { pluvi, } pluitum,
 { plui, } to rain.
 Struo, is, struxi, structum, to build.
 Fluo, is, fluxi, fluxum, to flow.

4 Of the Preterperfect Tense of Verbs of the Fourth Conjugation.

1. If a Verb end in *is*, in the Second Person of the Present Tense, the first Person in the Preter Tense shall end in *ivi*; as,

Scio,	scis,	scivi	scitum, to know.
But Venio, is,	veni,	ventum, to come.	
Cambio, is,	campsi,	campsum, to exchange.	
Raucio, is,	raufi,	raufum, to be hoarse.	
Farcio, is,	farfi,	farum, to stuff.	
Sarcio, is,	sarfi,	sarum, to patch.	
Sepio, is,	sepsi,	sepum, to hedge.	
Sendo, is,	sensi,	sensum, to perceive.	
Fulcio, is,	fulfi,	fultum, to prop.	
Haurio, is,	hausi,	haustum, to draw.	
Sancio, is,	sanxi,	sanctum, to establish.	
Vincio, is,	vinxi,	vincum, to bind.	
Salio, is,	salui,	saltum, to leap.	
Amicio, is,	amicui,	amictum, to cloth.	

Tit Cambivi, Sarfivi, Sepivi, Haurivi, Sancivi, Sallivi, Amicivi, are sometimes read,

5. Of the Preterperfect Tense of Compound Verbs.

1. The Preterperfect Tense of the Compound Verbs is the same with the Preterperfect Tense of the Simple Verb; for, as,
 Doceo, es, { *makes* } docui, doctum, to teach.
 So Edoceo, es, { } edocui, edoctum, to teach
 (perfectly.

1. But

1. But the Syllable which is doubled in the Preterperfect Tense of the Simple Verb, is not doubled when the Verb is compounded; for though

Spondeo } makes } spondendi, to promise.
 Yet Respondeo } makes } respondendi, to answer.

Never- { Præcurro } makes } præcucurri, to run before.
 the- { Excurro } makes } excucurri, to run out.
 less { Repugno } makes } repugnari, to prick again.
 And the Do }
 Com- Disco } is } pessundo, pessundedi, to quash.
 pounds Disco } makes } edisco, edidici, to learn perfectly.
 of Sto } makes } persto, perstiti, to stand firmly.
 Posco } makes } deposco, depoposci, to desire much.
 Double the Syllable of the Preterperfect Tense.

2. when Plico is compounded with Sub, or with a Noun, it makes plicavi in the Preterperfect Tense; as,

Supplico, as, avi, to beseech.

Multiplico, as, avi, to multiply.

But { Applico, as, to apply, }
 { Complico, as, to fold, } make ui, or avi.
 { Replico, as, to reply, }
 { Explico, as, to declare, }

3. Though Oleo, to smell, make olui, yet every Compound thereof will rather make olevi; as,

Exoleo, exolevi, to be stale.

Only { Redoleo, redolui, to give a Savour.
 { Suboleo, subolui, to savour a little.

3. All the Compounds of Pungo, make punxi, except repungo; is, which makes repunxi and repugnari.

5. The Compounds of Do, when it is of the Third Conjugation, make didi, not dedi; as,

Credo, is, credidi,	creditum, to believe.
Edo, is, edidi,	editum, to set forth.
Dedo, is, dedidi,	editum, to yield.
Reddo, is, reddidi,	reditum, to restore.
Perdo, is, perdidi,	perditum, to destroy.
Abdo, is, abdidi,	abditum, to hide.
Obdo, is, obdidi,	obditum, to bolt.
Condo, is, condidi,	conditum, to build.
Indo, is, indidi,	inditum, to put in.
Trado, is, tradidi,	traditum, to deliver.
Prodo, is, prodidi,	proditum, to betray.
Vendo, is, vendidi,	venditum, to sell.

But Abscondo, is, abscondi { absconsum, and absconditum, } to hide.

6. The Compounds of sto make sisti, as,
Præsto, as, præstisti, præstitum, to excel.

7. If these Verbs be compounded, they change their first Vowel in all Tenses into e; viz.

Damno, as,	1 condemno, to condemn.
Læto, as,	1 allecto, to allure.
Sacro, as,	1 consecro, to consecrate.
Fallo, is, to deceive.	3 refello, refelli, refalsum, to gainsay.
Arceo, es, to drive away.	2 coerceo, coercui, coercitum, to restrain.
Tracto, as, to handle.	1 detrecto, to detract.
Fatiscor, eris, to be weary.	3 defetiscor, defectus sum, to be weary.

Partio,

Partio, tis,	4	to divide.	imperio, to bestow.
Cargo, is,	3	to crop.	decerpo, to pluck off.
Patro, as,	1	to commit,	perpetro, to commit.
Scando, is,	3	to climb.	ascendo, to ascend.
Spargo, is,	3	to sprinkle.	dispergo, to disperse.
* Pario, is,	3	to bring forth.	reperio, to find.

* All whose Compounds are of the fourth Conjugation, and make the Preterperfect Tense to end in perui; as,

Aperio, is, aperui, apertum, to open.

Operio, is, operui, opertum, to cover.

Only { Comperio, is, } makes } comperi, pertum, to try.
 { Reperio, is, } makes } reperi, repertum, to find.

9. All the Compounds of Pasco are declined like the Simple Verb; as

Epasco is, epavi, epastum, to eat up.

Except { Compesco, is, compescui, to pasture together.
 { Dispesco, is, dispescui, to drive from pasture.

4. These Verbs being compounded, change the first Vowel in all Tenses into i, viz.

Habeo, es, 2 Cohibeo, to restrain.
 to have.

Lateo, es, 2 Deliteo, to lurk.
 to lie hid.

Salio, is, 4 Refilio, to leap back.
 to leap.

Statuo, is, 3 Constituo, to appoint.
 to appoint.

Cado, is, 3 Occido, di, occasum, to kill.
 to fall.

Lædo, is, 3 Collido, to hit against.
 to hurt.

Pango, pēgi,
to joyn.

Cano, is, cecini,
to sing.

Quæro, is,
to seek.

Cædo, is,
to cut.

Tango, is,
to touch.

Egeo, es,
to want.

Teneo, es,
to hold.

Taceo, es,
To hold ones peace.

Sapio, is,
To be wise.

Rapio, is,
to snatch.

3 Impingo, pēgi, pactum;
to stumble.

3 Concino, concinui, concen-
tum, to sing together.

3 Requirō,
to require.

3 Occido, occidi, occisum,
to kill.

3 Pertingo, is, tigi, tactum,
to touch through.

2 Indigeo, es,
to want.

2 Retineo, es, retentum,
to retain.

2 Reticeo, es,
to say nothing

3 Desipio, is, desipitum,
to play the fool.

3 Corripio, is, correptum,
to snatch.

where note, That the Compounds of Cano make the Preter-
perfect Tense end in ui; as,

Concino makes concinui, to sing in one tune.

10. All the Compounds of Placeo change the first Vowel
into i; as,

Displiceo, es, displicui, displicitum, to displease.

Except { Complaceo, }
 { and } to please well.
 { Perplaceo, }

1. These four Compounds of Pango, keep the simple Verb;
viz.

Depango, to fasten to the ground.

Oppango,

Oppango, to join.

Circumpango, to cram about.

Repango, to fasten again.

12. These four Compounds of Manco change their first Vowel of the Simple Verb into i, and do make their Preterperfect Tense in ui; viz.

Præmineo, es, præminui, } to excel.

Emineo, es, eminui,

Promineo, es, prominui, to stand out.

Immineo, es, imminui, to hang over.

The rest are like the Simple Verb, as, Permaneo, es, Permansum.

13. The Compounds of these Verbs change a into u, ; viz.

Scalpo, is, 3 Exculpo, to grave.

Calco, as, 1 Inculco, to tread upon.

Salto, as, 1 Refuko, to leap back.

14 These Verbs being Compounded, cast away a; viz.

Claudo, } Occludo, is, occlusi, to shut up.

to shut. } Excludo, is, exclusi, to shut out.

Quatio, 1 Percutio, is, percussi, to smite.

to shake. } Excurio, is, excussi, to shake off.

Lavo, } Proluo, is, proluui, to wash much.

to wash } Diluo, is, dilui, to rinse.

15. These Verbs do change the first Vowel of the Present Tense (and the Tenses formed thereof) into i, but not of the Preterperfect Tense, nor of the Tenses formed of it, as,

Ago, to do, makes egi.

Exigo, to require, makes exegi, exactum.

Emo,
to buy.

Sedeo,
to sit.

Rego,
to rule.

Frango,
to break.

Capio,
to take.

Jacio,
to cast.

Lacio,
to ensnare.

Specio,
to behold.

Premo,
to press.

Perimo, perēmi, peremptum,
to destroy.

Confideo, consēdi, confessum,
to sit together.

Corrigo, correxi, correctum,
to correct.

Refringo, refrēgi, refractum,
to break open.

Incipio, incepi, inceptum,
to begin.

Conjicio, conjeci, conjectum,
to cast together.

Allicio, allexi, allectum,
to allure.

Respicio, respexi, respectum,
to look back.

Reprimo, repressi, repressum,
to repress.

But Perago and Sarago are declined like the Simple Verb Ago, and Dego to live, and Cogo, coegi, to compel, cast away the middle Syllable.

So likewise of Rego to rule, are made Pergo to go forward, and Surgo to arise.

16. The Verb Facio changeth nothing, except it be compounded with a Preposition; as in

Olfacio, to make to smell,

Calfacio, to make warm.

Inficio, to infect.

17. If Lego be compounded with re, se, per, præ, sub, or trans, it shall keep the Vowel of the Present Tense e, but all the other Compounds change e into i, whereof Intellico to understand, Diligo to love, and Negligo to neglect, make the Preterperfect Tense lexi, all the rest legi.

6. Of the Supines of Simple Verbs.

N. B. The Supine may be known by the Preterperfect Tense;
as,

1	um, as, Bibo, 3	bibi, bibicum, to drink.
2	um, as, Vinco, 3	vici, victum, to conquer.
3	Ico, 3	ici, ictum, to strike.
4	Facio, 3	fecit, factum, to make.
5	Jacio, 3	jeci, jactum, to cast.
6	um, as, Video, 2	vidi, visum, to see.

Yet these Verbs double [s] viz.

Pando, 3 pandi, passum, *to spread.*
Sedco, 3 sedi, sessum, *to sit.*
Scindo, 3 scidi, scissum, *to cut.*
Findo, 3 fidi, fissum, *to cleav.*
Fodio, 3 fodi, fossum, *to dig.*

N. B. And here you must observe, That Syllable which is doubled in the Preterperfect Tense is never doubled in the Supines; thus,

Tondeo,	2	torondi, tonsum, <i>to clip.</i>
Cædo,	3	cæcidi, cæsum, <i>to beat.</i>
Cedo,	3	cecidi, calum, <i>to fall.</i>
Tendo,	3	tetendi, { <i>tensū</i> } <i>to</i> { <i>tentū</i> } <i>stretch</i>
Tundo,	3	turudi, tunsum, <i>to knock.</i>
Pedo,	3	pepedi, peditum, <i>to fart.</i>
Do,	1	dedi, datum, <i>to give.</i>

ctum, as, Lego, 3 legi, lectum, to read.
 Pango, 3 { pegi, to join. (venant.
 Frango, 3 { pepigi, pactum, to co-
 fregi, fractum, to break.
 Tango,

If the Preterperfect Tense end in

LI

NI MI

PI

QUI

RI

SI

The Supine shall end in

Tango, 3 tetigi, tactum, to touch.
 Ago, 3 egi, actum, to do.
 Pungo, 3 pupugi, punctum, to prick.
 Fugio, 3 fugi, fugitum, to fly.

sum, as, Sallo, 3 falli, falsum, to powder.
 Pello, 3 pepuli, pulsus, to drive away.
 Cello, 3 ceculi, cussus, to break.
 Fallo, 3 feselli, falsum, to deceive.
 Vello, 3 velli, vulsum, to pull out.
 Fero, 3 tuli, latum, to bear.

rum, as, Emo, emi, emptum, to buy.
 tum, as, Venio, veni, ventum, to come.
 Cano, cecini, cantum, to sing.

tum, as, Capió, cepi, captum, to take.
 Cœpio, cœpi, cœptum, to begin.
 Rumpo, rupi, ruptum, to break.

tum, as, Linquo, 3 liqui, lictum, to leave.

sum, as, Verro, 3 verri, versum, to brush.
 But Pario, 3 peperi, partum, to bring forth.

sum, as, Viso, 3 visi, visum, to visit.
 Mitto, 3 misi, missum, to send.
 Fulcio, 4 fulsi, fultum, to under-prop.
 Haurio, 4 hausi, haustum, to draw.
 Sarcio, 4 sarsi, sartum, to patch.
 Farcio, 4 farsi, fartum, to stuff.
 Uro, 3 ussi, ustum, to burn.
 Gero, 3 gessi, gestum, to bear.
 Torqueo, 2 { tortum, } to wrest.
 Torfi, 2 { tortum, }
 Indulgeo, 2 { indulsum, } to pamper.
 Indulsi, 2 { indultum, }

If the Preterperfect Tense end in

tum, *as*, Scribo, 3 scripsi, scriptum, *to write*.

Cambio. 4 campsi, campsum, 2o exchange.

tum, *as*, Sto, 1 fici, } statum, *to stand*.
Sisto, 2 firi,

Sisto, 3

But Verto, 3 verti, verſum, to turn.

tum, *as*, Flo, i flavi, flatum, *io olōw.*

But *pasco*, 3 *pavi*, *pastum*, to feed.

Lavo, i lavi, { lorum, } to wash.
 { lautum, }
 { lavatum, }

2 lautum,

lavatum.

Poto, I potavi, } potum, } to drink.
potatum,

VI, 3 potaru

Faveo, 2 favi, factum, to favour.

Caveo, 2 cavi, cautum, *to beware.*

Sero, 3. sevi, satum, to sow.

Lino, 3 { livi, } litum, to daub over.
lini. }

3. 3 lin

Solvo, 3 solvi, folutum, *to loose.*

Volvo, 3 volvi, volutum, *to roll.*

Singultio, 4 singultivi, singultum, *to sob,*

Vendo, 4 venivi, venum, to be sold.

Sepelio, 4 sepelivi, sepultum, *to bury.*

tum, *as*, Domo, *i* domui, domitum, *to tame*.

Yet every Verb which ends in uo, makes utum
in the Supine; as,

Exuo, 3 exui, exutum, to put off.

3 rui, ruitum, to rush.

O *Seco*, *i* *secui*, *sectum*, *to cut*.

Neco, i necui, nectum, *to kill.*

Frico, 1 fricui, frictum, *to rub.*

Misceo, 2 miscui, mistum, to mix.

Amició, 4 amicii, amictum, to cloath.

Torreo, 2 torrui, tostum, to roast.

Doceo, 2 docui, doctum, to teach.

Teneo, 2 tenui, tentum, *to hold.*

Confulo,

Consulo,	3	consului, consultum, to advise.
Alō,	3	alui, { alukum, } to nourish. { alitum, }
Salio,	4	salui, saltum, to leap.
Colo,	3	colui, cultum, to worship.
Occulo,	3	occului, occultum, to hide.
Piso,	3	pisui, pistum, to bake.
Rapio,	3	rapui, raptum, to snatch.
Sero,	3	serui, seritum, to put in order.
Texo,	3	texui, textum, to weave.

Yet these Verbs in ui, make the Supines to end in
sum; as,

Censeo,	2	censui, censum, to think.
Cello,	3	celloi, cellum, to break.
Meto,	3	messui, messum, to mow.
Nexo,	3	nexui, nexum, to knit.
Pateo,	3	patui, patum, to lie open.
Pecto,	3	pealui, pectum, to comb.
Careo,	2	carui, { cassum, } to want. { caritum, }

Etum, as, Vincio, 4 vinxi, victum, to bind.

Yet these five cast away [n] viz.

Fingo,	3	finxi, fictum, to feign.
Mingo,	3	minxi, mictum, to make water.
Pingo,	3	pinxi, pictum, to paint.
Stringo,	3	strinxi, strictum, to bind.
Ringo,	3	rinxi, ritum, to fret.

These four Verbs make xum, viz.
Flecto, flexi, flexum, to bend.
Plecto, plexi, plexum, to punish.
Figo, fixi, fixum, to fasten.
Fluo, fluxi, fluxum, to flow.

If the Preterperfect Tense end in

XI

The Supine shall end in

7. Of the Supines of Compound Verbs.

1. The Supine of the Compound Verb is the same with that of the Simple Verb; as,

Lego, to read, lectum.

Perlego, to read over, perlectum.

1. Yet sometimes they alter a Syllable; for,

Tundo, to knock.

Fertundo, to bruise.

Ruo, to rush.

Corruo, to sail together.

Salio, to leap.

Defilio, to leap down.

Sero, to sow.

Infero, to graff.

makes

runsum.

peritum.

ruitum.

corritum.

salum.

desultum.

satum.

inficium.

2. These Supines change [a] into [e] when they are compounded; for,

Capio to take.

Decipio, to deceive.

Facio, to make.

Inficio, to infect.

Jacio, to cast.

Rejicio, to throw back.

Rapio, to snatch.

Corripio, to catch hold of.

makes

captum.

deceptum.

factum.

infectum.

jactum.

rejectum.

rapum.

corruptum.

Cano;

Cano, to sing	} makes	cantum
Concino, to sing in tune		concentum
Pario, to bring forth		partum
Reperio, to find		repertum
Spargo, to sprinkle		sparum
Dispergo, to scatter abroad		disperum

1. This Verb Edo, when it is Compounded, will have
esum, (and not estum) in the Supines; as,

Exedo, to gnaw, exesum

Only Comēdo, to eat all, { comestum,
comēsum.

4. All the Compounds of Nosco, make notum in the Supines; as,

Pernosco, to know thoroughly, pernōtum.

Except { Cognosco, to know, cognitum.
Agnosco, to acknowledge, agnitum.

8. Of the Preterperfect Tense of Verbs in Or.

5. Verbs which end in Or, do borrow their Preterperfect Tense of the latter Supine, by putting to s and sum vel fui.

But we must observe, That some of these are Deponents, and some Commons, which do feign a Supine, whence the Preterperfect Tense may be formed; thus,

Labōr;

Labor,	3	to slide
Pator,	3	to suffer
Compator,	3	to suffer together
Perpetior,	3	to endure
Fateor,	2	to confess
Confiteor,	2	to confess
Diffiteor,	2	to deny
Gradior,	3	to go
Digredior,	3	to go aside
Fatifeor,	3	to be weary
Metior,	4	to measure
Utor,	3	to use
Ordior,	4	{ to weave to begin
Nitor,	3	to endeavour
Ulcifcor,	3	to revenge
Irafcor,	3	to be angry
Reor,	3	to suppose
Oblivifcor,	3	to forget
Fruor,	3	to enjoy
Mifereor,	2	to have mercy
Tueor, tueri,	2	to defend
Tuor, tui,	3	to fee
Loquor,	3	to fpeak
Sequor,	3	to follow
Experior,	4	to try
Pacifcor,	3	to make a bargain
Nancifcor,	3	{ to get
Apifcor,	3	
Adipifcor,	3	to obtain
Queror,	3	to complain
Profcifcor,	3	to go
Expergifcor,	3	to awake

lappus
palpus
compallus
perpeffus
fallus
confellus
diffellus
greffus
digreffus
fellus
menfus
ufus
{ orditus
{ orfus
{ nifus
{ nixus
ultus
iratus
ratus
oblitus
{ fructus
{ fructus
mifertus
tuitus { tutum
tuitus { tutum
loquutus
fequutus
expertus
pactus
nactus
aptus
adeptus
queftus
profectus
experrectus

make

Sum vel ful,

Com-

Comminiscor,	3	to devise.	} makes	commentus	} sum vel fui.
Nascor,	3	to be born.		natus	
Morior,	3	to die.		mortuus	
Orior,	4	to arise.		ortus	

9. Of Verbs that have two Preterperfect Tenses.

These Verbs have two Preterperfect Tenses, viz. one of the Active, and another of the Passive Voice.

Cœno to sup.	1	{ cœnavi, cœnatus sum.
Juro to swear.	1	{ juravi, juratus sum.
Poto to drink.	1	{ potavi, potatus sum.
Titubo to stumb'l.	1	{ titubavi, tituba.us sum.
Careo to want.	2	{ carui, cassus sum.
Prandeo to dine.	2	{ prandi, pransus sum.
Pateo, to lie open.	2	{ patui, passus sum.
Placeo to please.	2	{ placui, placitus, sum.
Suesco to accustom.	3	{ suevi, suetus sum.
Veneo to be sold.	3	{ venivi, venditus sum.
Nubo, to be mar- ried to a man.	3	{ nupsi, nupra sum.

Maecor,

Mereor, to deserve.	2	{ merui, meritus sum.
Libet, it pleaseth.	2	{ libuit, libitum est.
Licet, it is lawful.	2	{ licuit, licitum est.
Tæder, it irketh.	2	{ tæder, pertæsum est.
Puder, it shameth.	2	{ puduit, puditum est.
Piger, it irketh.	2	{ piguit, pigitum est.

10. Of the Preterperfect Tense of Verbs Neuter-Passives.

*Verbs Neuter-Passives form their Preterperfect
Tense thus;*

Gaudeo,	2	to rejoice, gavisus sum.
Fido,	3	to trust, fesus sum.
Audeo,	2	to be bold, ausus sum.
Fio, fis,		to be made, factus sum.
Soleo,	2	to be wont, solitus sum.
Mœreo,	2	to be sad, * mœstus sum.

* Which Phocas saith is a Noun.

H

11. Of

II. Of Verbs which borrow their Preterperfect Tenses.

Some Verbs do borrow their Preterperfect Tense from others, viz.

A Verb inceptive ending in sco, standing for a primitive Verb, borrows its Preterperfect Tense of that Verb which it stands for; as,

	<i>makes</i>	<i>of</i>
Tepesco, to begin to be warm	tepui,	Tepeco, to be warm.
Fervesco, to begin to be hot	servi,	Ferveo, to be hot.
Cerno, to discern	vidi,	Videco, to see.
Quatio, to shake	concussi,	Concutio, to shake.
Ferio, to smite	percussi,	Percutio, to smite.
Meio, to piss	minxi,	Mingo, to piss.
Sedo, to settle	seddi,	Sedco, to sit.
Tollo, to take up	fustuli,	Suffero, to suffer.
Sum, es, to be	fui,	Fuo, to be.
Fero, fers, to suffer	tuli,	Tulo, to bear.
Sisto, to make to stand	stiri,	Sco, to stand.

Furo,

Furo, to rage.	insanivi,	Insanio, to be mad.
Vescor, to eat	pastus sum,	Pascor, to be fed.
Medeor, to heal.	medicatus sum,	Medicor, to cure.
Liquor, to be melted.	liquefactus,	Liquefio, to be melted.
Reminiscor, to remember.	recordatus sum,	Recordor, to call to mind.

12. Of Verbs which want their Preterperfect Tense.

These Verbs want the Preterperfect Tense, viz.

Ambigo, is,	3	to be in doubt.
Vergo, is,	3	to bend.
Glisco, is,	3	to grow.
Fatisco, is,	3	to gape.
Polleo, es,	2	to be able.
Nideo, es,	2	to shine.

2. *Verbs inceptives, i. e. that signifie a beginning, as,*
 Pueraſco, 3 *to wax a Child.*

3 *All Paſſives whoſe Actives want the Supines, as*
 Metuor, 3 } *to be feared.*
 Timeor, 2 }

4. *All Meditatives, i. e. which signifie a desire, as*
Micturio, 4 to desire to piss.
Scripturio, 4 to desire to write.
Except Parturio, to be toward labour, parturivi.
Esurio, to wax hungry, esurivi.

13. Of Verbs which want the *Supines*.

These Verbs very seldom, or never, have the Supines.

Lambo,	3 to lick.
Mico,	1 to shine.
Rudo,	3 to bray like an Ass.
Scabo,	3 to knap as Horses do.
Parco,	3 to spare.
Dispelco,	3 to drive from pasture.
Posco,	3 to require.
Disco,	3 to learn.
Compesco,	3 to pasture together.
Quinisco,	3 to nod.
Dego,	3 to live.
Ango,	3 to vex.
Sugo,	3 to suck.
Lingo,	3 to lick.
Ningo,	3 to snow.
Satago,	3 to be busie.
Pfallo,	3 to sing.
Volo,	3 to will.
Nolo,	3 to be unwilling.
Malo,	3 to be more willing.
Tremo,	3 to tremble.
Strideo,	2 } to crack.
Strido,	3 }
Annuo,	3 to grant.

Flavco,

Flaveo,	2 to be yellow.
Liveo,	2 to be black and blue.
Aveo,	2 to cover.
Paveo,	2 to fear.
Conniveo,	2 to wink.
Ferveo,	2 to be hot.

The Compounds of Nuo, to nod ; as,

Renuo, 3 to refuse.

And the Compounds of Cado, to fall, as Incido.

Except { Occido, to set,
and
Recido, to fall back, } which make { occasum,
&
recaſum.

Reſpuo,	3 to reſuſe.
Linquo,	3 to leave.
Luo,	3 to ſuffer puniſhment.
Metuo,	3 to fear.
Cluo,	3 to gliſter.
Frigeo,	2 to be cold.
Calvo,	3 to be bald.
Sterto,	3 to ſnort.
Timeo,	2 to fear.
Luceo,	2 to ſhine.
* Arceo,	2 to drive away.

* Whoſe Compounds make erciturum.

So the Compounds of Gruo, to crumple ; as,

Ingruo, 3 to invade.

And whatſoever Verbs Neuters of the ſecond Conjugation make ui, except theſe,

Oleo, to ſmell.

Doleo, to grieve.

H 3

Placeo,

As in Praesenti, &c.

Placeo, to please.
Taceo, to hold ones Peace,
Pareo, to obey.
Careo, to want.
Noceo, to hurt.
Pateo, to lie open.
Lateo, to lie hid.
Valeo, to be in health.
Calco, to be warm.

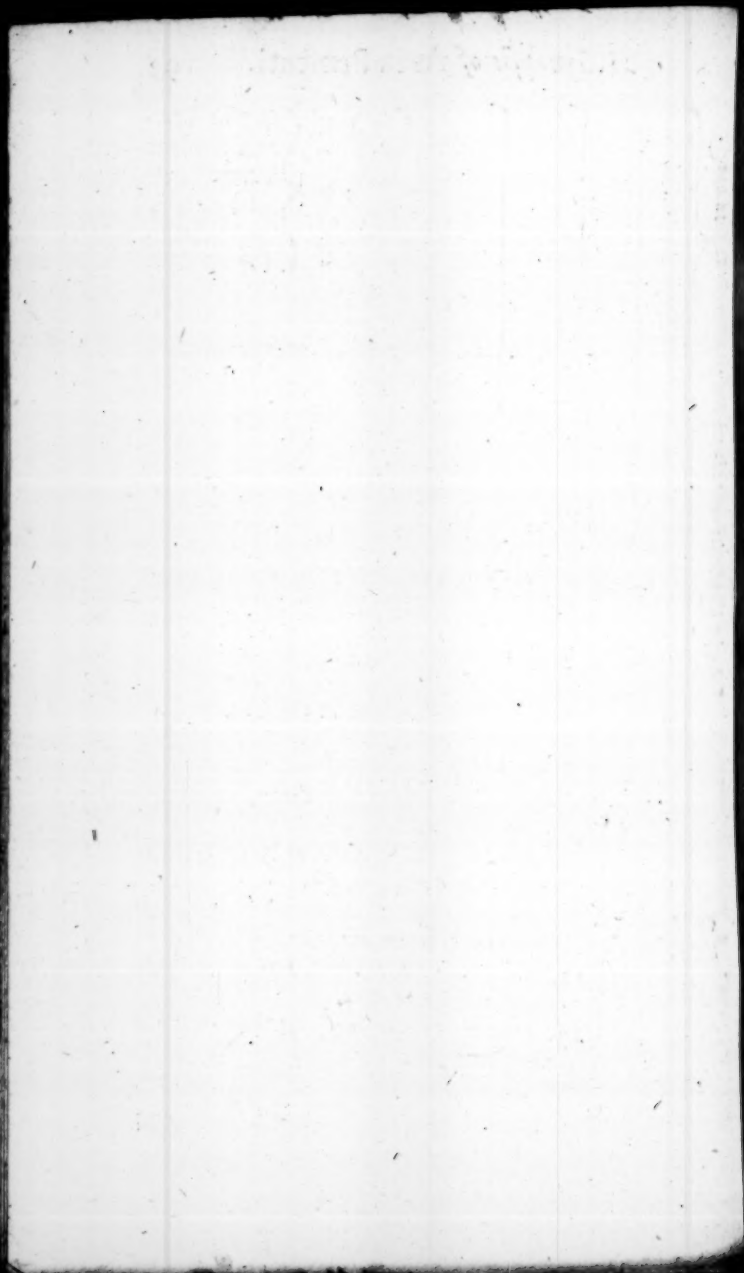
For they will have the Supines.

As

As in Præsentî containeth Rules whereby to find out	<div> <div>The Preterperfect Tense</div> <div>The Supine</div> </div>	Of Verbs	In O	<div> <div>Simple of the</div> <div> <div>1.</div> <div>2.</div> <div>3.</div> <div>4.</div> </div> </div>	<div> <div>Conjugation at</div> <div> <div>As } in Præ-</div> <div>Es } senti &c.</div> <div>Tertia Præte-</div> <div>ritum, &c.</div> <div>Quarta dat is,</div> <div>ivi, &c.</div> </div> </div>
				<div> <div>5. Compound, at Præteritum dat, &c.</div> <div>6. Simple, at Nunc ex præterito, &c.</div> <div>7. Compound, at Compositum ut, &c.</div> </div>	
				<div> <div>8. In Or, at Verba in Or, &c.</div> </div>	

To these are added,

- Rules of Verbs that
- 9. Have two Preterperfect Tenses, at Præteritum Activæ, &c.
 - 10. Are Neuters Passives, at Neutro-Passivum sic præteritum, &c.
 - 11. Borrow their Preterperfect Tenses, at Quædam præteritum, &c.
 - 12. Want their Preterperfect Tenses, at Præteritum fugiunt, &c.
 - 13. Seldom have Supines, at Hæc raro aut nunquam, &c.



A N

I N D E X

Of all the *Verbs* in

As in Præfenti,

Shewing a young Learner how to conjugate them: With Figures also directing to the Rules of their Preterperfect Tenses and Supines.

A

- A** Bdo, is, didi, ěre, endi, do, dum, abditum, u, ab-
dens, iturus, *to hide* 74
- Abfcondo, is, di, ere, endi, do, dum, ſum, u, vel itum,
u, ens, ſurus vel iturus, *to hide* ib.
- Accerſo, is, ivi, ěre, endi, do, dum, itum, u, ens, iturus,
to go to call
- Adiſcor, ěris vel ěre, adeptus ſum vel ſui, adiſci,
adiſcendi, do, dum, adeptum, u, adiſcens, eptus,
eprurus, *to get* 86
- Agnosco, ſcis, novi, agnoſcere, endi, do, dum, agnitum,
u, agnoſcens, agniturus, *to acknowledge* 84
- Ago, is, egi, agere, agendi, do, dum, actum, u, agens,
acturus, *to do* 66, 77, 80
- All ecto, as, avi, are, &c. *to allure* 74
- Allicio,

- Allicio**, is, lexi, licere, iendi, do, dum, allectum, u, alliens, allecturus, *to allure* 78
Alo, is, ui, alere, endi, do, dum, alitum, u, altum, u, alens, aliturus, & alturus, *to nourish* 81
Ambigo, is, (caret Præterito) ambigere, endi, do, dum, (Supinis caret) ambigens, *to be in doubt* 89
Amicio, is, cui, and sometimes civi, amicare, iendi, do, dum, amictum, u, amictens, icturus, *to cloath* 72. 81
Ango, is, anxī, angere, endi, do, dum, (Supinis caret) angens, *to vex* 90
Annuo, is, uī, ēre, endi, do, dum, (Supinis caret) annuens, *to grant* ibid.
Aperio, is, ui, ire, iendi, do, dum, apertum, u, aperiens, aperturus, *to open* 75
Apiscor, ēris, vel ēre, aptus sum vel fui, apisci, apiscens, aptus, apiscendus, *to get* 85
Applico, as, applicui, & applicavi, are, andi, do, dum, applicatum, u, & applicitum, u, applicans, aturus, & iturus, *to apply* 73
Arceo, es, uī, arcere, endi, do, dum, (Supinis caret) arcens, *to keep back* 74. 91
Arcesso, is, ivi, ēre, endi, do, dum, arcessum, u, arcessens, turus, *to call* 70
Ardeo, es, arsi, ere, endi, do, dum, arsum, u, ardens, arsurus, *to glow* 66
Ascendo, dis, di, ēre, endi, do, dum, ascensum, su, ascendens, surus, *to ascend* 75
Audeo, es, ausus sum vel fui, audere, endi, do, dum, aulum, u, audens, ausurus, *to be bold* 87
Augeo, es, auxi, augere, augendi, do, dum, auctum, u, augens, aucturus, *to increase* 67
Aveo, es, (caret Præterito) avere, avendi, do, dum, (Supinis caret) avens, *to covet* 91

B

Bibo, bibis, bibi, bibere, endi, do, dum, bibitum,
u, bibens, *to drink* 79

C

Cado, is, cecidi, cadere, cadendi, do, dum, casum,
u, cadens, casurus, *to fall* 68, 75, 79
Cædo, is, cecidi, cædere, cædendi, do, dum, cæsum, u,
cædens, cæsurus, *to heat* 68, 76, 79
Calco, as, avi, are, andi, do, dum, atum, u, aus, aturus,
to tread upon 77
Caleo, es, ui, ere, endi, do, dum, (Supinis caret) calens,
to be hot 52
Calfacio, is, feci, facere, iendi, do, dum, factum, u, fa-
ciens, facturus, *to make hot* 78
Calvo, vis, vi, calvere, endi, do, dum, (Supinis caret)
calvens, *to be bald* 91
Cambio, is, campsi, bire, iendi, iendo, iendum, campsum,
u, biens, plurus, *to exchange* 72, 80
Cano, is, cecini, canere, endi, do, dum, cantum, u, ca-
nens, canturus, *to sing* 70, 76, 80, 84
Capesso, is, si, & sivi, capessere, endi, do, dum, capeßsum, u,
vel capeßsitum, u, capeßsens, urus, iturus, *to take* 70
Capio, is, cepi, capere, iendi, do, dum, captum, u, ca-
piens, capturus, *to take* 71, 75, 80, 83
Careo, es, ui, & cassus sum vel sui, carere, endi, do, dum,
cassum, su, & caritum, u, carens, cassurus, & cariturus,
to want 92, 86
Carpo, is, psi, carpere, endi, do, dum, carptum, u, car-
pens, carpturus, *to crop* 75
Caveo, es, vi, cavere, endi, do, dum, cautum, u, cavens,
cauturus, *to beware* 8
Cedo,

- Cedo, is, cessi, cedere, cedendi, do, dum, cessum, u,
cedens, cessurus, *to give place* 63
- Cello, is, ceculi, cellere, cellendi, do, dum, celsum, u,
cellens, celsurus, *to break* 69, 82
- Censeo, es, ui, ĕre, ĕndi, do, dum, censum, u, censens,
censurus, *to think* 82
- Cerno, is, crevi vel vidi, cernere, cernendi, cernendo,
dum, cretum, u, vel visum, u, cernens, creturus vel
visurus, *to perceive* 70, 88
- Cieo, es, civi, ciere, ciendi, do, dum, citum, u, ciens,
citurus, *to incite* 67
- Circumpango, is, pegi, pangere, pangendi, do, dum, cir-
cumpactum, u, pangens, pacturus, *to cram about* 77
- Claudo, is, clausi, claudere, endi, do, dum, clausum, u,
claudens, clausurus, *to shut* 68, 77
- Cluo, is, (caret Præterito,) cluere, cluendi, do, dum, (Su-
pinis caret) cluens, *to be famous.* 91
- Cæno, as, avi, & atus sum vel sui, cœnare, andi, do, dum,
cœnatum, u, cœnans, cœnaturus, *to sup* 86
- Cœpio, is, pi, cœpere, endi, do, dum, cœptum, u, cœ-
piens, cœpturus, *to begin* 80
- Coerceo, es, ui, coercere, coercendi, do, dum, coerci-
tum, u, coercens, coerciturus, *to restrain* 74
- Cognosco, is, novi, noscere, noscendi, do, dum, cogni-
tum, u, cognoscens, cogniturus, *to know* 84
- Cogo, is, cœgi, cogere, cogendi, do, dum, coactum, u,
cogens, coacturus, *to compel* 78
- Cohibeo, es, ui, cohibere, cohibendi, do, dum, cohibi-
tum, u, cohibens, cohibiturus, *to restrain* 75
- Collido, is, lisi, collidere, dendi, do, dum, collisum, u,
collidens, collisurus, *to knock together* ib.
- Colo, is, colui, colĕre, colendi, do, dum, cultum, u, co-
lens, culturus, *to worship* 81
- Comedo, edis vel es, edi, edere vel esse, edendi, do,
dum, estum, u, vel esum, u, edens, esturus vel esu-
rus, *to eat* 84

- Communis̄cor, ēris vel ēre, commentus sum vel suū,
 comminisci, endi, endo, dum, commentum; u, com-
 miniscens, commentus, commenturus, comminiscen-
 dus, *to invent* 86
- Como, is, compsi, comere, comendi, do, dum, com-
 ptum, u, comens, compturus, *to kemb* 69
- Compatior, pateris vel patere, compassus sum vel suū,
 compati, compatiendi, do, dum, compassum, u,
 compatiens, compassus, compassurus, compatiendus,
to suffer together 85
- Comperio, is, comperi, comperire, comperiendi, do,
 dum, compertum, u, comperiens, comperturus, *to*
find out a matter 75
- Compesco, is, pescui, compescere, endi, do, dum, (Su-
 pinis caret) compescens, *to pasture together* 75, 80
- Complaceo, complaces, complacui, complacere, endi,
 do, dum, complacitum, u, complacens, complacitu-
 rus, *to please well* 75
- Complico, as, plicui vel plicavi, complicare, complican-
 di, ando, dum, complicitum, u, & complicatum, u,
 complicans, compliciturus, & complicaturus, *to wrap*
together 73
- Concino, is, concinui, concinēre, concinendi, do, dum,
 concentum, u, concinens, concenturus, *to sing in one*
tune 76, 84
- Concutio, is, concussi, concutere, concutiendi, do, dum,
 concussum, su, concutiens, concussurus, *to shake* 88
- Condemno, as, avi, are, andi, do, dum, condemnatum,
 u, condemnans, condemnaturus, *to condemn* 74
- Condo, is, didi, dēre, dendi, do, dum, conditum, tu,
 condens, conditurus, *to lay up* ibid.
- Confiteor, ēris vel ere, confessus sum vel suū, confiteri,
 confitendi, do, dum, confessum, u, confitens, confessus,
 confessurus, confitendus, *to confess* 75
- Conjicio, is, jeci, conjicere, conjiciendi, do, dum, jectum,
 u, conjiciens, conjecturus, *to cast together* 78
- Conni-

- Conniveo**, es, nivi, & nixi, connivere, endi, do, dum, con-
 nictum, u, connivens, connicturus, *to wink* 67, 91
Consecro, as, avi, are, andi, do, dum, consecratum, u,
 consecrans, consecraturus, *to make holy* 74
Confideo, confides, confedi, confidere, confidendi, do,
 dum, confessum, u, confidens, confellarus, *to sit to-
 gether* 78
Consulo, is, consului, consulere, consulendi, do, dum,
 consultum, u, consulens, consulturus, *to consult* 82
Coquo, is, coxi, coquere, coquendi, do, dum, coctum,
 coctu, coquens, cocturus, *to seeth* 70
Corrigo, is, correxi, corrigere, corrigendi, do, dum, cor-
 rectum, u, corrigens, correcturus, *to correct* 78
Corripio, is, corripui, corripere corripendi, do, dum,
 correptum, u, corripuens, correpturus, *to snatch* 76, 83
Corruo, is, corruui, corruere, endi, do, dum, corrutum,
 u, corruens, corruturus, *to fall together* 83
Credo, is, credidi, credere, credendi, do, dum, creditum,
 u, credens, crediturus, *to believe* 74
Creπο, as, crepui, (rarò crepavi,) crepare, crepandi, do,
 dum, crepitum, u, (rarò crepatum,) crepans, crepi-
 turus, & rarò crepaturus, *to crack* 65, 70
Cubo, as, cubui, cubare, andi, do, dum, cubitum, u, cu-
 bans, cubiturus, *to lie down* 65
Cumbo, is, cubui, cumbere, cumbendi, do, dum, cubi-
 tum, u, cumbens, cubiturus, *to lie down* 68
Cupio, is, pivi, cupere, cupiendi, do, dum, cupitum, u,
 cupiens, cupiturus, *to covet* 71
Curro, is, cucurri, currere, endi, do, dum, cursum, u,
 currens, cursurus, *to run* ib.

D

- D** Amno, as, avi, are, andi, do, dum, atum, u, ans,
 aturus, *to condemn* 74
 Decipio,

- Decipio, is, cepi, cipere, iendi, do, dum, deceptum, u,
deciplens, decepturus, *to deceive* 71, 83
- Decerpo, is, cerpsi, decerpere, decerpendi, do, dum,
decerptum, u, decerpens, decerpturus, *to crop off* 75
- Dedo, is, dedidi, dedere, dedendi, do, dum, deditum,
u, dedens, dediturus, *to yield himself* 74
- Desetiscor, desetisceris vel scere, desessus sum vel fui, de-
setisci, desetiscendi, do, dum, desessum, u, desetiscens,
desessus, desessurus, *to be weary* ib.
- Dego, degis, degi, degere, degendi, do, dum, (Supinis
caret) degens, *to live* 78, 90
- Deleo, les, levi, lere, lendi, do, dum, deletum, u, delens,
deleturus, *to blot out* 66
- Deliteo, es, ui, delitere, endi, do, dum, (Supinis caret)
delitens, *to lie hid* 75
- Demo, is, dempsi, demere, endi, do, dum, demptum,
u, demens, dempturus, *to take away* 67
- Depango, is, panxi & pegi, depangere, pangendi, do,
dum, depactum, u, depangens, depacturus, *to fasten
down* 76
- Deposco, is, depoposci, deposcere, poscendi, do, dum,
deposcitum, u, deposcens, deposciturus, *to require
earnestly* ib.
- Defilio, is, defilii, defilivi & defilui, filire, fillendi, do,
dum, defilitum, u, defillens, turus, *to leap down* 83
- Detrecto, as, avi, trectare, andi, do, dum, trectatum, u,
detrectans, detrectaturus, *to detract or backbite* 74
- Dico, is, dixi, dicere, dicendi, do, dum, dictum, u, di-
cens, dicturus, *to speak* 63
- Diffiteor, eris vel re, fessus sum, vel fui, ri, di, do, dum,
diffessum, u, diffitens, fessus, fessurus, *to deny* 85
- Digredior, gredieris vel gredere, digressus sum vel fui,
digredi, endi, do, dum, digressum, u, digrediens, di-
gressus, digressurus, *to go aside* 85
- Diligo, is, lexi, diligere, endi, do, dum, dilectum, u,
diligens, dilecturus, *to love* 78
- Diluo,

- Diluo, is, ui, ēre, endi, do, dum, dilutum, tu, diluens,
diluturus, *to wash or rinse* 77
- Disco, is, didici, discere, endi, do, dum, (Supin. caret)
discens, *to learn* 70, 73, 90
- Dispergo, is, si, dispergere, gendi, do, dum, dispersum,
su, dispergens, dispersurus, *to scatter abroad* 74, 78
- Dispesco, is, pescui, pescere, scendi, do, dum, (Supinis
caret) pescens, *to drive beasts from pasture* 75, 90
- Displiceo, es, ui, displicere, endi, do, dum, displicitum,
tu, displicens, displiciturus, *to displease* 76
- Divido, is, divisi, dividere, endi, do, dum, divisum, u,
dividens, divisurus, *to divide* 68
- Do, das, dedi, dare, dandi, do, dum, datum, u, dam,
daturus, *to give* 65, 73, 79
- Doceo, es, ui, ēre, endi, do, dum, doctum, u, docens,
docturus, *to teach* 72, 81
- Doleo, es, ui, ēre, endi, do, dum, dolitum, tu, dolens,
doliturus, *to grieve* 91
- Domo, as, domui, domare, andi, do, dum, domitum, u,
domans, domiturus, *to tame* 65, 81
- Duco, is, duxi, ducere, ducendi, do, dum, ductum, u,
ducens, ducturus, *to lead* 68

E

- E** Disco, ediscis, edidici, ediscere, scendi, do, dum,
(Supinis caret) ediscens, *to learn perfectly* 73
- Edo, edis vel es, edi, edere vel esse, di, do, dum, esum,
esu, vel estum, u, edens, esurus vel esturus, *to eat* 74
- Edoceo, es, cui, ēre, endi, do, dum, edoctum, edoctu,
edocens, edocturus, *to teach perfectly* 72
- Egeo, es, ui, egēre, egendi, do, dum, (Supinis caret)
egens, *to want* 76
- Emineo, es, ui, ēre, endi, endo, dum, (Supinis caret)
eminens, *to excel* 77
- Emo,

- Emo**, is, emi, emere, emendi, do, dum, emptum, ptu'
emens, empturus, *to buy* 69, 78, 80
- Epasco**, is, pavi, pascere, pascendi, do, dum, (Supinis
caret) epascens, *to eat up* 75
- Eripio**, is, ui, eripere, iendi, do, dum, ereptum, ptu,
eripiens, erepturus, *to take away by violence* 76
- Esurio**, is, iui, esurire, esuriendi, do, dum, esuriturum, u,
esuriens, esuriturus, *to begin to be hungry* 89
- Exedo**, is vel exes, exedi, exedere vel exesse, exedendi,
do, dum, exesum, u, exedens, exesurus, *to eat up* 84
- Exige**, is, exegi, igere, igendi, do, dum, exactum, u,
exigens, exacturus, *to require* 77
- Excludo**, is, clusi, cludere, dendi, do, dum, exclusum,
u, excludens, exclusurus, *to exclude* ibid.
- Exculpo**, is, psi, exculpere, endi, do, dum, exculptum,
u, exculpens, exculpturus, *to carve* ibid.
- Excurro**, is, excucurri, currere, endi, do, dum, excur-
sum, u, excurrans, excursurus, *to run out* 73
- Excutio**, is, cussi, excutere, excutiendi, do, dum, ex-
cussum, u, excutiens, excussurus, *to shake off* 77
- Exoleo**, es, ui & oleui, olere, endi, do, dum, exoletum,
u, exolens, exoleturus, *to grow out of use* 73
- Expergiscor**, eris vel ere, experrectus sum vel fui, ex-
pergisci, expergiscendi, do, dum, experrectum, u,
expergiscens, experrectus, experrecturus, *to a-
wake* 85
- Experior**, iris vel ire, expertus sum vel fui, experiri,
experiendi, do, dum, expertum, u, experiens, ex-
perturus, *to try* ibid.
- Explico**, as, cui vel cavi, are, andi, do, dum, explici-
tum, tu, vel explicatum, tu, explicans, expliciturus,
vel explicaturus, *to declare* 73
- Exuo**, is, ui, exuere, endi, do, dum, exutum, u, exu-
ens, exuturus, *to put off* 81

F.

- F** Accessio, is, accessi, ere, endi, do, dum, accessum, u, accessens, accessurus, *to go about to do* 70
- Facio, is, feci, facere, lendi, do, dum, factum, u, faciens, facturus, *to make or do* 71, 78, 79, 83
- Fallo, is, fefelli, fallere, endi, do, dum, falsum, u, fallens, falsurus, *to deceive* 69, 80, 47
- Farcio, is, farci, farcire, lendi, do, dum, fartum, u, farciens, farturus, *to stuff* 72, 80
- Fateor, ēris vel ere, fassus sum vel sui, fateri, endi, do, dum, fassum, u, fatens, fassus, fassurus, *to confess* 83
- Fatisco, is, (caret Præterito) fatiscere, endi, do, dum, (Supinis caret) fatiscens, *to gape* 89
- Fatiscor, eris vel ere, fessus sum vel sui, fatisci, endi, do, dum, (Supinis caret) fatiscens, *to be weary* 74, 83
- Faveo, es, vi, ere, endi, do, dum, fautum, fautu, favens, fauturus, *to favour* 81
- Ferio, is, percussi, serire, feriendi, do, dum, percussum, u, feriens, percussurus, *to strike* 60
- Fero, fers, tuli, ferre, ferendi, do, dum, latum, u, ferens, laturus, *to bear or suffer* 80, 88
- Ferveo, es, fervui & fervi, ere, endi, do, dum, (Supinis caret) fervens, *to be hot* 66, 88, 90
- Fervesco, is, servi, fervere, endi, do, dum, (Supinis caret) fervesens, *to wax hot* 87, 88
- Fido, is, fisis sum vel sui, fidere, fidendi, do, dum, fissum, u, fidens, fissurus, *to trust* 78
- Figō, is, fixi, figere, figendi, do, dum, fixum, u, figens, fixurus, *to fasten* 82
- Findo, is, fidi, findere, endi, do, dum, fissum, u, findens, fissurus, *to cleave* 68, 78
- Fingo,

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Fingo, is, finxi, fingere, endi, do, dum, fictum, ctu, fingens, ficturus, <i>to feign</i>	82
Fio, sis, factus sum vel fui, fieri, factus, faciendus, <i>to be made or done</i>	87
Flaveo, es, flavi, ēre, endi, do, dum, (Supinis caret) flavens, <i>to be yellow</i>	90
Flecto, is, flexi, flectere, endi, do, dum, flexum, u, flectens, flexurus, <i>to bend</i>	71, 82
Fleo, es, flevi, flere, flendi, do, dum, fletum, u, flens fleturus, <i>to weep</i>	66
Flo, flas, flavi, flare, flandi, do, dum, flatum, u, flans, flaturus, <i>to blow</i>	81
Fluo, is, fluxi, fluere, endi, do, dum, fluxum, u, fluens, fluxurus, <i>to flow</i>	71, 82
Fodio, is, fodi, fodere, iendi, do, dum, fossum, u, fodiens, fossurus, <i>to dig</i>	71, 79
Frango, is, fregi, frangere, endi, do, dum, fractum, u, frangens, fracturus, <i>to break</i>	69, 78, 79
Frico, as, fricui, fricare, andi, do, dum, frictum, u, fricans, fricturus, <i>to rub</i>	75, 81
Frigeo, es, frixi, frigere, endi, do, dum, frictum, ctu, frigens, fricturus, <i>to be cold</i>	66, 91
Fruor, eris vel ere, fructus vel fruitus sum vel fui, frui, fruendi, do, dum, fructum, u, vel fruitum, u, fruens, fruturus, fruendus, <i>to enjoy</i>	85
Fugio, is, fugi, fugere, iendi, do, dum, fugitum, u, fugiens, fugiturus, <i>to avoid</i>	71, 80
Falcio, is, si, falcire, iendi, do, dum, fultum, u, fulciens, fulturus, <i>to under-prop</i>	72, 80
Fundo, is, fudi, fundere, endi, do, dum, fustum, fusu, fundens, fusturus, <i>to pour out</i>	68
Furo, is, insanivi, furere, endi, do, dum, insanitum, u, furens, insaniturus, <i>to be mad</i>	88
Fuo, is, ful, fuere, endi, do, dum, futum, u, fuens, futurus, <i>to be</i>	ibid.

G.

- G**Audeo, es, gavifus sum vel fui, gaudere, endi, do, dum, gavifum, u, gaudens, gavifurus, *to rejoice* 87
 Gero, is, gessi, gerere, rendi, do, dum, gestum, u, gerens, gesturus, *to bear* 70, 80
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 Glisco, is, (caret Præterito) gliscere, gliscendi, do, dum, (Supinis caret) gliscens, *to grow or increase* 89
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- Raucio, is, rausi, raucire, rauciendi, do, dum, (Supinus caret) rauciens, *to be hoarse* 82
- Recido, is, recidi, recidere, recidendi, do, dum, recasum, u, recidens, recasurus, *to fall backward* 50
- Recordor, aris vel are, recordatus sum vel fui, recordari, recordandi, do, dum, recordatum, u, recordans, recordaturus, *to remember* 88
- Reddo, is, reddidi, reddere, dendi, do, dum, redditum, u, reddens, redditurus, *to restore* 74
- Redoleo, es, ui, ere, endi, do, dum, redolitum, u, redolens, redoliturus, *to cast a strong smell* 73
- Refello, is, refelli, refellere, refellendi, do, dum, refellum, u, refallens, refalsurus, *to disprove* 74
- Refringo, is, refregi, ere, endi, do, dum, refractum, u, refringens, refracturus, *to break open* 73
- Rego, regis, rexi, regere, regendi, do, dum, rectum, u, regens, rectorus, *to rule* 78
- Rejicio, is, rejeci, rejicere, ciendi, do, dum, rejectum, u, rejiciens, rejecturus, *to reject* 83
- Religo, is, relięi, ligere, religendi, do, dum, relectum, u, relęgens, relecturus, *to read again* 78
- Reminiscor, eris vel ere, recordatus sum vel fui, reminisci, endi, do, dum, recordatum, u, reminiscens, recordaturus, *to remember* 88
- Renuo, is, ui, renuere, renuendi, do, dum, (Supinus caret) renuens, *to refuse* 90
- Reor,

- Reor, reris vel rere, ratus sum vel fui, reri, rendi, do,
dum, ratum, u, rens, raturus, *to suppose* 85
- Repango, is, reperi, pangere, endi, do, repactum, u,
repangens, repacturus, *to fasten again* 77
- Reperio, is, reperi, reperire, lendi, do, dum, reper-
tum, u, reperiens, repturus, *to find* 76
- Replico, as, ui vel avi, are, andi, do, dum, replicatum,
u, replicans, replicaturus, *to reply* 73
- Reprimo, is, repressi, ere, endi, do, dum, repressum,
u, reprimens, repressurus, *to restrain* 78
- Repungo, is, repupugi & repunxi, ere, endi, do, dum,
repunctum, u, ens, repuncturus, *to prick again* 73
- Respicio, is, spexi, ere, lendi, do, dum, spectum, tu,
respiciens, respecturus, *to look back* 78
- Respondeo, es, respondi, ere, endi, do, dum, respon-
sum, u, respondens, responsurus, *to answer* 73
- Respuo, is, respui, ere, endi, do, dum, respatum, u,
respuens, resputurus, *to refuse* 90
- Resulto, as, avi, are, andi, do, dum, atum, u, resultans,
resultaturus, *to rebound* 77
- Reticeo, es, ui, reticere, endi, do, dum, (Supinis caret)
reticens, *to hold ones peace* 76
- Retineo, es, ui, retinere, endi, do, dum, retentum, u,
retinens, retenturus, *to retain* ibid.
- Rideo, es, risi, ridere, endi, do, dum, risum, u, ridens,
risurus, *to laugh* 66
- Ringo, is, rinxi, ringere, endi, do, dum, rictum, u,
ringens, ricturus, *to fret* 82
- Rodo, is, rosi, dere, rodendi, do, dum, rosum, u, ro-
dens, rosurus, *to know* 68
- Rudo, is, rudi, dere, dendi, do, dum, (Supinis caret)
rudens, *to bray like an Ass* 82
- Rumpo, is, rupi, rumpere, endi, do, dum, ruptum, u,
rumpens, rupturus, *to break* 70
- Ruo, is, rui, ere, endi, do, dum, rultum, u, ruens,
ruiturus, *to fall out* 83

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- S**acro, as, avi, are, andi, do, dum, atum, u, *sacram*,
sacraturus, to dedicate 74
- Salio, is, sali & salui, salire, iendi, do, dum, saltum, u,
salienis, salturus, to leap 72, 75, 81, 83
- Salio, & (Sallio) is, ivi, ire, iendi, do, do, dum, saltum,
u, salienis, salturus, to season with salt, and
- Sallo, is, salti, fallere, endi, do, dum, falsum, u, *fallere*,
falsurus, to season with salt 69, 98
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satagens, to endeavour 78, 90
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scabens, to scratch 89
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scalpens, sculpturus, to scratch 70
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scindens, scissurus, to cut 68, 79
- Scio, scis, scivi, scire, iendi, do, dum, scitum, u, *sciens*,
sciturus, to know 75
- Scribo, bis, scripsi, scribere, endi, do, dum, scriptum,
u, scribens, scripturus, to write 79
- Scripturio, is, ivi, ire, iendi, do, dum, (Supinis caret)
scripturiens, to have a desire to write 65, 81
- Seco,

- Seco, as, ui, are, andi, do, dum, sectum, u, secans, sectur-
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- Sedeo, es, sedi, ere, endi, do, dum, sessum, u, sedens,
 sessurus, *to sit* 66, 78, 87
- Sendo, is, sensi, ire, iendi, do, dum, sensum, u, sentiens,
 sensurus, *to perceive* 73
- Sepelio, is, iui, ire, iendi, do, dum, sepultum, u, sepeli-
 ens, sepulturus, *to bury* 72
- Sepio, is, sepsi, ire, iendi, do, dum, septum, u, sepiens,
 septurus, *to hedge* 81
- Sequor, eris vel ere, sequutus sum, vel fui, sequi, endi,
 do, dum, sequutum, u, sequens, sequuturus, sequutus,
 sequendus, *to follow* 85
- Sero, is, sevi, serere, endi, do, dum, satum, u, serens,
 saturus, *to sow* 70, 81, 83
- Sero, is, serui, serere, endi, do, dum, sertum, u, serens,
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- Sido, is, sedi, fidere, endi, do, dum, (Supinis caret) si-
 dens, *to settle* 88
- Singultio, is, iui, ire, iendi, do, dum, singultum, u, sin-
 gultiens, singulturus, *to sob* 54
- Sino, is, iui, ere, endi, do, dum, situm, u, finens, situ-
 rus, *to suffer* 69
- Sisto, is, sisti, sistere, endi, do, dum, statum, u, sistens,
 staturus, *to stand* 71, 81
- Soleo, es, solitus sum vel fui, ere, endi, do, dum, solitum,
 u, solens, soliturus, *to be wont* 88
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 soluturus, *to loose* 81
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- Sorbeo, es, bui & psi, ere, endi, do, dum, sorptum, u,
 sorbens, sorpturus, *to sup* ib.
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- Specio, is, spexi, specere, iendi, do, dum, spectum, u,
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- Sperno, is, spreui, nere, nendi, do, dum, spretum, u,
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- Spondeo, es, spondendi, ere, endi, do, dum, sponum,
u, spondens, sponsurus, *to promise* 65
- Statuo, is, ui, ere, endi, do, dum, statutum, u, statuens,
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- Sterno, is, stravi, ere, endi, do, dum, stratum, u, ster-
nens, straturus, *to spread abroad* 69
- Sterto, is, ui, stertere, endi, do, dum, (Supinis caret)
stertens, *to snore* 71, 91
- Sto, as, steti, are, andi, do, dum, statum, u, stans, sta-
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- Strepo, is, ni, ere, endi, do, dum, pitum, u, ens, iturus,
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- Strido, es, stridi, dere, endi, do, dum, (Supinis caret)
stridens, *to make a noise* 90
- Stringo, is, strinxi, gere, endi, do, dum, strictum, u,
stringens, stricturus, *to strain* 81
- Struo, is, struxi, ere, endi, do, dum, structum, u, stru-
ens, structurus, *to build* 71
- Suadeo, es, suasi, ere, endi, do, dum, suatum, u, sua-
dens, suaturus, *to persuade* 65
- Sublego, is, legi, ere, endi, do, dum, lectum, u, legens,
lecturus, *to steal under hand* 78
- Suboleo, es, ui, ere, endi, do, dum, itum, u, olens, oli-
turus, *to smell* 62
- Suesco, is, suevi vel suctus sum vel sui, cere, endi, do,
dum, suetum, u, suescens, sueturus, *to accustom* 86
- Suffero, fers, sustuli, ferre, endi, do, dum, sublatum, u,
ferens, laturus, *to suffer* 82
- Sugo, is, suxi, ere, endi, do, dum, suctum, u, sugens,
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Sum, es, fui, esse, futurus, <i>to be</i>	83
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T.

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Timeor,	

- Timeor**, eris vel ere, (Præterito caret) timeri, timen-
 dus, *to be feared*. 89
- Titubo**, as, avi, vel titubatus sum vel sui, arc, andi, do,
 dum, atum, u, ans, aturus, *to stumble* 86
- Tollo**, is, sustuli, tollere, endi, do, dum, latum, u, tol-
 lens, laturus, *to suffer* 88
- Tondeo**, es, totondi, ere, endi, do, dum, tonsum, u,
 tonsens, tonsurus, *to clip or shear* 69, 79
- Tono**, as, tonui, are, andi, do, dum, tonitum, u, tónans,
 toniturus, *to thunder* 65
- Torqueo**, es, si, ere, endi, do, dum, sum, u & tum, u,
 torquens, torsurus & turus, *to wrest* 66, 80
- Torreo**, es, ui, ere, endi, do, dum, tostum, u, torrens,
 tosturus, *to roast* 81
- Tracto**, as, avi, arc, andi, do, dum, atum, u, tractans,
 tractaturus, *to handle* 74
- Trado**, is, didi, ere, endi, do, dum, traditum, u, tra-
 dens, traditurus, *to deliver* 74
- Traho**, is, traxi, ere, endi, do, dum, tractum, u, tra-
 hens, tracturus, *to draw* 69
- Translego**, is, legi, ere, endi, do, dum, translectum, u,
 translegens, translecturus, *to read' over* 78
- Tremo**, is, ui, ere, endi, do, dum, (Supinis caret) tre-
 mens, *to tremble* 90
- Trudo**, is, trusi, trudere, endi, do, dum, trusum, u, tra-
 dens, trusurus, *to thrust* 68
- Tueor**, eris vel ere, tuitus sum vel sui, tueri, endi, do,
 dum, tutum, u, & tuitum, u, tuens, tuturus & tuitu-
 rus, *to defend* 88
- Tuor**, eris vel ere, tuitus sum vel sui, tui, endi, do,
 dum, tutum, u & tuitum, u, tuens, tuturus & tuiturus,
to look 87
- Tulo**, is, tuli, ere, endi, do, dum, latum, u, tulens, la-
 turus, *to bear* 83
- Tundo**, is, rutudi, ere, endi, do, dum, tunsum, u, tun-
 dens, tunsurus, *to knock* 83, 68, 79

v. do,

V.

- V**Ado, is, vasi, vadere, endi, do, dum, vasum, u,
vadens, vasurus, *to go* 68
- Valco, es, ui, ere, endi, do, dum, valitum, u, valens,
valiturus, *to be in health* 91
- Veho, is, vxi, vehere, endi, do, dum, vestum, u, ve-
hens, vesturus, *to carry* 68
- Vello, is, vulsi, vellere, endi, do, dum, vulsum, u, vel-
lens, vulsurus, *to pull up* 69, 80
- Vendo, is, didi, vendere, endi, do, dum, venditum, u,
vendens, venditurus, *to sell* 74
- Veneo, es, venivi & venditus sum vel fui, venire, iendi,
do, dum, venum, u, veniens, *to be sold* 81
- Venio, is, veni, venire, veniendi, do, dum, ventum, u,
veniens, venturus, *to come* 72
- Vergo, is, (Præterito caret) vergere, gendi, do, dum,
(Supinis caret) vergens, *to bend* 89
- Verro, is, verri & verfi, verrere, endi, do, dum, ver-
sum, u, verrens, versurus, *to brush* 70, 80
- Verto, tis, verti, vertere, tendi, do, dum, versum, su,
vertens, versurus, *to turn* 71, 81
- Veskor, eris vel ere, pastus sum vel fui, vesci, endi, de,
dum, pastum, u, vescens, pasturus, *to eat* 88,
- Veto, as, ui, vetare, andi, do, dum, vetitum, u, vetans
vetiturus, *to forbid* 65
- Video, es, vidi, dere, endi, do, dum, visum, u, videns,
visurus, *to see* 66, 79
- Vleo, es, vievi, viere, endi, do, dum, victum, u, viens,
victurus, *to bind* 66
- Vincio, is, vinxī, vincire, iendi, do, dum, vinctum, u,
vinciens, vincturus, *to bind* 72
- Vinco

- Vincor, is, vici, vincere, cendi, do, dum, victum, etu,
vincens, victurus, *to overcome* 68, 79
- Viso, is, visi, visere, endi, do, dum, visum, u, visens,
visurus, *to visit* 68, 80
- Vivo, is, vixi, vivere, endi, do, dum, victum, u, vivens,
victurus, *to live* 71
- Ulciscor, eris vel ere, ultus sum vel fui, ulcisci, endi,
do, dum, ulcum, u, ulciscens, ulturus, *to revenge* 85
- Vocito, as, avi, tare, andi, do, dum, vocitatum, u, vo-
citans, vocitaturus, *to call often* 65
- Volo, is, volui, velle, volendi, do, dum, (supinis caret)
volens, *to be willing* 90
- Volvo, is, volvi, volvere, endi, do, dum, volutum, tu,
volvens, voluturus, *to rowl* 71, 81
- Vomo, is, vomui, vomere, endi, do, dum, vomitum
u, vomens, vomiturus, *to vomit* 78
- Urgeo, es, urfi, urgere, endi, do, dum, ursum, fu, ur-
gens, ursurus, *to urge* 66
- Uro, ris, ussi, urere, urendi, do, dum, ustum, u, urens,
usturus, *to burn* 70, 80
- Utor, eris, vel ere, usus sum vel fui, uti, utendi, do,
dum, usum, u, utens, usurus, *to use* 85

FINIS.

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